Watchman

Bellefonte Republican.

Established In 1869} "Let Us See To it that A Government of the People, for the People and by the People, Shall Not perish from the Earth."—A. LINCOLN. TERMS: $1.50 Per Year.

VOL. XXVIII BELLEFONTE, PA., THURSDAY MORNING. MARCH 18, 1897. NO. 10

ENDED IN A ROW

Middle of the Road Populists Have a Rough Convention.

WOMEN JOINED IN THE MELEE

In Fact in Several Instances They Started Fights—The Lie Was Passed Several Times and the Battle Was On.

Denver, Col., March 14.—The middle-of-the-road populists met here yesterday and adjourned after three hours' fighting. Women were in the thick of the melee and they were in several instances instigators of the attack. The first assault was provoked by the remarks of a woman that she would not sit in a convention with the hirelings of corporations, indicating one of the delegates.

The latter replied that the accuser was a liar and her husband flew to her rescue, while his wife and her women companions stood by and cheered the fighters.

Mrs. E. W. Reed started another row by saying that she had seen too much of politics to blush any more. Mrs. Alice Faulkner took a hand in the row and eulogized "Grand Old Man Waite." She grew excited and some one made a slighting remark that precipitated further trouble.

The event of the afternoon was Miss Holmes replied to the attack of the boiler inspector, W. R. Frazier. He said that the corporations were more powerful than the populist principles.

"That's a lie," shouted half a dozen. Men and women were on their feet making for the speaker.

"If the shoe fits put it on," retorted Frazier, bracing himself for the rush. He was no match for the crowd, and was driven from his position, but fought desperately to the door.

Mr. Akers next came in for rough treatment. On being asked by Mrs. Reed if it was not "time for him to go out and choke himself to death," Akers retorted that Mrs. Reed had not added anything to her reputation by going out as a street singer. Miss Holmes demanded why the men stood silently by and saw the women insulted. None responded, and then Mrs. Reed and Miss Holmes administered the punishment themselves and tore most of Mr. Akers's beard out of his face.

Queen a Troublesome Woman.

Bloemfontein, Orange Free State, March 14.—President Kruger, of the Transvaal republic, has arrived here with the view of arranging for a closer union between the Transvaal and the Orange Free State. He was entertained at a public luncheon, and in reply to the eulogistic toast of President Steyn, of the Orange Free State, he said he was not there to controvert the Queen's rights. Time, he added, would show he had always defended her majesty (cheers) and he had told his people to respect her. He expressed the hope that the two republics would form indissoluble ties. He never, however, had any idea of the Free State being absorbed by the Transvaal.

Continuing, President Kruger said he knew he had to abide by the London convention. The Queen was a troublesome woman, and it was therefore necessary to deal with the question of the union with utmost caution. He hoped some day to see a union of the whole of Africa.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

Hon. Hoke Smith declares that he would not vote for Bryan again for the Presidency. He will hardly have an opportunity.

DEATH OF JACOB BOWER.

An Old and Respected Altoonian Died at His Home.

From the Altoona Times.

Mr. Jacob Bower, an old and respected citizen of this city, died at his late residence, 404 Walnut avenue, of a complication of diseases, at the age of 76 years. He was born on the 13th day of February, 1821, and on the 22d day of February, 1843, he was united in marriage with Anna S. Welchans, who still survives him, as do the following children: Mrs. Albert Owen, of Milesburg, Centre county; Mrs. Alexander B. Cunningham, of Philadelphia; Mrs. Alfred Slayman and Mrs. Edwin M. Amies, of Altoona; Mrs. H. T. Bishop and Heistand F. Bower, of Minneapolis, Minn. One of his children, Mrs. Gilbert C. Horning, a former resident of this city, preceded him to death in Osage City, Kansas, in September, 1880. Two other children by their marriage died in infancy.

Mr. Bower was a conscientious and upright citizen, respected by all who knew him, a general favorite with his associates and a dutiful member of the First Lutheran church, of this city, with which he associated after leaving Maytown, Lancaster county, Pa., where he was born and reared. During the period of fifty-four years of married life, and prior to that, no sickness ever befell him, and this short summons to his Maker exemplifies his simplicity of faith.

The sympathy of the friends of the family, and especially for the bereaved widow, is extended to them.

Clinton County Man Killed.

On Wednesday a young and well dressed man was struck by a train near Mifflintown. He was walking on the track and stepped out of the road of a freight train. He was struck by a passenger train and was so badly injured that he died the next day. In a memorandum book in his pocket was found the address of John Miller, of Jersey Shore. It was presumed that was his name and word was sent to Jersey Shore. It has developed that he was the son of Mrs. Sophia Miller, who resides in Clinton county, about eight miles from Jersey Shore. Young Miller was buried at Mifflintown.

Yale Students Apologize.

New Haven, Conn., March 14.—The Yale students who, several days ago. sent a Yale flag and a letter of good wishes to pugilist Corbett at Carson. Nev., print an apologetic card in to-day's issue of the Yale News. They disclaim all intention to be considered as speaking for the college or for any individual other than themselves in the letter. Which has brought upon them so much criticism and censure, and express regret that "unwillingly and unwittingly" they have cast a slur on the university.

Changes in Princeton's Faculty.

Princeton, N. J. March 12.—At a meeting of the Princeton University trustees, held last night, severa important changes were made in the personnel of the faculty. John Grier Hibben was elected Professor of Logic; Edmund Yard Robbins was elected Assistant Professor of Greek, and Elmer Howard Loomis was elected Assistant Professor of Physics.

Cigarette Fiend Goes Insane.

New York, March 12.—Simon Madden, the youth who became insane from smoking cigarettes, and was confined at Bellevue Hospital from February 26 until March 3, when he was sent home, became crazy again to-day. He smoked about 100 cigarettes the day after his release from Bellevue.

The applicants for the position of White House barber are surprised to learn that President McKinley is a self-shaved man.

PRESIDENT TO CONGRESS

Maj. McKinley Gives the Reasons for the Extra Session.

INCREASING DEFICIENCY OF RECEIPTS

And the Growth of the Debt Make Necessary a Prompt Revision of the Tariff—Figures that Show the Decrease of Government's Income.

Washington, D. C., March 15.—The President's message, as read in both houses of Congress today, was as follows:

To the Congress of the United States:—

Regretting the necessity which has required me to call you together I feel that your assembling in extraordinary session is indispensable because of the condition in which we find the revenues of the government. It is conceded that its current expenditures are greater than its receipts, and that such a condition has existed for now more than three years. With unlimited means at our command, we are presenting the remarkable spectacle of increasing our public debt by borrowing money to meet the ordinary outlays incident upon even an economical and prudent administration of the government.

An examination of the subject discloses this fact in every detail and leads inevitably to the conclusion that the condition of the revenue which allows it is unjustifiable and should be corrected.

We find by the reports of the Secretary of the Treasury that the revenues for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1892, from all sources, were $425,868,260.22, and the expenditures for all purposes were $415,953,806.56, leaving an excess of receipts over expenditures of $9,914,452.66. During that fiscal year $40,570,467.98 was paid upon the public debt, which had been reduced since March 1, 1889, $259,076,890, and the annual interest charge decreased $11,684,576.60. The receipts of the government from all sources during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1893, amounted to $461,716,561.94, and its expenditures to $459,374,887.65, showing an excess of receipts over expenditures of $2,341,674.29. Since that time no receipts for the fiscal year, and with but few exceptions of no month of any fiscal year, have exceeded the expenditures. The receipts of the government from all sources during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1894, were $372,802,498.29, and its expenditures $442,605,758.87, leaving a deficit, the first since the resumption of specie payments, of $69,803,260.58. Notwithstanding there was a decrease of $16,769,128.78 in the ordinary expenses of the government as compared with the previous fiscal year, its income was still not sufficient to provide for its daily necessities, and the gold reserve in the Treasury for the redemption of greenbacks was drawn upon to meet them. But this did not suffice, and the government then resorted to loans to replenish the reserve.

In February, 1894, $50,000,000 in bonds was issued, and in November following a second issue of $50,000,000 was deemed necessary. The sum of $117,171,795 was realized by the sale of these bonds, but the reserve was steadily decreased until, on February 8, 1895, a third sale of $62,315,400 in bonds for $65,116,244 was announced to Congress.

The receipts of the government for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1895, were $390,373,202.30, and the expenditures, $433,178'426.48, showing a deficit of $42,805,223.18. A further loan of $100,000,000 was negotiated by the government in February, 1896, the sale netting $111,166,246, and swelling the aggregate of bonds issued within three years to $262,315,400. For the fiscal year ending June 30, 1896, the revenues of the government from all sources amounted to $409,475,408.73, while its expenditures were $434,678,654.48, an excess of expenditures over receipts of $25,203,245.70. In other words the total receipts of the three fiscal years ending June 30, 1896, were insufficient by $137,811,729.46 to meet the total expenditures.

Nor has this condition since improved. For the first half of the present fiscal year, the receipts of the government, exclusive of postal revenues, were $157,507,603.76, and its expenditures, exclusive of postal service, $195,410,000.22, or an excess of expenditures over receipts of $37,902,396.46. In January of this year the receipts, exclusive of postal revenues, were $24,316,994.05, and the expenditures exclusive of postal service, $30,269,389.29, a deficit of $5,952,395.24 for the month. In February of this year the receipts, exclusive of postal revenue, were $24,400,997.38 and expenditures, exclusive of postal service, $28,796,056.66, a deficit of $4,395,059.28; or a total deficiency of $186,061,580.43 for the three years and eight months ending March 1, 1897. Not only are we without a surplus in the treasury, but with an increase in the public debt there has been a corresponding increase in the interest charge from $22,893,883.20 in 1892, the lowest of any year since 1862, to $34,387,297.60 in 1896, or an increase of $11,493,414,40.

It may be urged that even if the revenues of the government had been sufficient to meet all its ordinary expenses during the past three years, the gold reserve would still have been insufficient to meet the demands upon it, and that bonds would necessarily have been issued for its repletion. Be this as it may, it is clearly manifest, without denying or affirming the correctness of such a conclusion, that the debt would have been decreased in at least the amount of the deficiency, and business confidence immeasurably strengthened throughout the country.

Congress should promptly correct the existing conditions. Ample revenues must be supplied not only for the ordinary expenses of the goverment, but for the prompt payment of liberal pensions and the liquidation of the principal and interest of the public debt. In raising revenues, duties should be so levied upon foreign products as to preserve the home market, so far as possible, to our own produces; to revive and increase manufactures to relieve and encourage agriculture; to increase our domestic and foreign commerce; to aid and develope mining and building; and to render to labor in every field of useful occupation the liberal wages and adequate rewards to which skill and industry are justly entitled. The necessity for the passage of a tariff law which shall provide ample revenue, need not be further urged. The imperative demand of the hour is the prompt enactment of such a measure, and to this object I earnestly recommend that Congress shall make every endeavor. Before other business is transacted, let us first provide sufficient revenue to faithfully administer the goverment without the contracting of further debt, or the continued disturbance of our finances. (Signed), William McKinley.

Executive Mansion, March 15, 1897.

The Agitation of a Base Ball League

We learn from the DuBois Courier of Saturday that an agitation is on foot looking to the formation of a baseball league to consist of clubs representing Philisburg, Altoona, Tyrone, Bellefonte, Clearfield, Patton, Johnstown and Huntingdon. The scheme is to have teams composed of home talent, as far as possible. A meeting is to be held in a short time to perfect arrangements. If some good base ball enthusiast would take up the matter for Bellefonte there would be no trouble in placing a strong team in the field. Now then boys, keep the ball rolling until it gets to fever heat, and success be with you.

Pet Monkeys Went up in Smoke.

Allentown, Pa., March 14.—The Hotel Manhattan, at Rittersville, was destroyed by fire, entailing a loss of $25,000, on which there is insurance of $15,000. The hotel was a summer resort, and belonged to the Allentown and Lehigh Valley Traction Company, under the name of the Rittersville Hotel Company. A lot of pet monkeys, cockatoos, parrots, and peacocks, forming part of a zoological park exhibit. Were burned, the fire having originated from the stove in the animals quarters.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

A TRAIN BLOWN UP

Over 300 Spanish Troops Killed By The Cubans.

THE SURVIVORS WERE SHOT

A Report That the Capture Secured The Release of Eight Insurgent Prisoners at Artemisa.

Havana, via Key West, Fla., March 16. (Special.)—The news that Spanish forces have met with a serious disaster in the west is confirmed tonight. It is learned through a reliable channel that train carrying 600 troops, while going from Artemisa to some southern point, was blown up by Cubans, more than 300 troops being killed or wounded.

The details give a tragic coloring. The Cubans had learned that the troops were to be sent on that train They mined a long, high trestle crossing St. Carman channel. This bridge is more than fifty feet high. The mines were exploded as the train was passing over it with terrible effect Half of the entire train was lifted up and thrown into the deep channel beneath. The force of the explosion was terrific, the ground being torn up for a great distance. The cries of the wounded and the shouts of those unhurt added to excitement and terror.

As the remainder of the troops rushed out of the ruins they were met with a withering fire from the concealed Cubans, and dozens fell at the first volley. The engagement lasted an hour, the Spaniards bravely fighting behind the cars, but it was of no avail, and to save their lives they surrendered. The cars that had gone down caught fire and were entirely destroyed, many soldiers being caught in them and burned to death.

More than 300 troops were found to be missing, and supposed to have been killed. The Cubans lost possibly forty men. All the prisoners were released save the officers, who were held for the safety of eight insurgent officers at Artemia, who had been sentenced to death by the Spanish commander, and Col. Penso, the Cuban commander, sent word that if these men were shot he would or his hostages to be killed, and that twenty of the soldiers would be shot, too, in revenge for Cuban soldiers shot there last week.

It is said that the Cuban officers were released from Artemisa.

President McKinley at church

Washington, March 14.—President McKinley again attended services this morning at the Metropolitan Methodist church, where President Grant was a communicant during his residence in the white house. It is now understood that the president will become a member of the Metropolitan church. The Metropolitan church is located about a mile from the white house in a part of the city that once was fashionable.

Deaf Mutes Marry.

An odd but very interesting wedding took place at the home of Wm. F. Stover, near Millheim, last Saturday night. The contracting parties were two deaf mutes, Mr. Charles Schriner, of Mifflinburg, and Miss Louisa Funk, of Penn township. It was reported in some of the papers that they were married last Thursday, this was a mistake. The ceremony was gone through with by the sign language and there was more bowing and scraping and shaking of fingers and heads than is usually seen on such an occasion.

—President Geo. W. Atherton, of the State College, is a candidate for the Mexican Mission.

For rent—A frame house situated on East Howard street Bellefonte. Inquire of Wm. Jones, Agent.
M17 w2t-dtf.

For rent—A frame house situated on the corner of East High and Ridge streets Bellefonte. Inquire of William Jones, Agent.
M17 w2t-dtf.

FIRE AT PHILIPSBURG.

The Fire Brick Company's Store and Office and Three Residences Burned to the Ground.

One of the most disastrous fires that has visited this community for some time occurred at an early hour Friday morning in Chester Hill. The alarm was given about 12.30 o'clock, and was soon found to be the general merchandise store owned and conducted by the Fire Brick company, but when first discovered had gained considerable headway, and before the Philipsburg fire companies could get their engines to the scene of the conflagration the flames had spread to and almost completely devoured the company's office and the residences of John Fry, Warren Hollenbach and one owned by John McGuire, and as these were beyond any possible hope of being even partially saved, attention was given to saving the adjoining buildings, the property of Mrs. Wilhelm making a very narrow escape.

The fire started in the cellar of the store, and as the building was heated by steam, and no lamps were left burning, the indications point strongly to having been the work of an incendiary. The entire contents of the store were destroyed, and about all the office furniture. Mr. McGuire saved most of his household effects; Mr. Fry saved little furniture, but Mr. Hollenbach was so unfortunate as to lose everything, even most of the clothing belonging to his family. We have been unable as yet to get an estimate of the loss, but it will be partially covered by insurance.

Mr. Hollenbach, who is employed by the A. & P. railroad, was absent at his work when the fire occurred, and his wife and children made a narrow escape, John McGuire carrying a couple of the latter out through the fire and smoke, endangering his own life.—Philipsburg Journal.

Gambler and Policeman Killed.

Hopkinsville, Ky., March 14.—Policeman Henry Tayne was shot and killed last night by Walter Merritt, a gambler, who was in turn killed by Policemen Moorman and Cravens. Merritt was drinking and had been disorderly all evening Tayne went to him and told him that if he did not go home quietly he would arrest him. Without warning Merritt jumped back from Tayne and shot him in the left eye, the ball ranging upward through the brain. The officer expired instantly. Merritt turned and fired two shots at the other two officers, both of whom shot him, one ball striking him in the face and one in the heart. He died instantly.

Soldiers Attention.

Notice to soldiers and sons of comrades of Gregg Post No. 95. You are hereby requested to meet in Post room on Thursday evening March 18th at 7:30 sharp as it will be to your interest to be there. By order of committee.

John H. Bryan,
S. B. Miller,
Thos. Donachy.

Methodist Conference.

The Central R.R. of Pa., has authorized its agents to sell special excursion tickets from Bellefonte and local points to Clearfield and return at rate of $2.72 for the round trip, on account of the Methodist Conference. These tickets are good from March 13th to 23rd and for return on or before March 26. 16-4t

The Speer Brand of Brandy.

Is a guarantee of Excellence. The Climax Brandy made from grape in 1876 is absolutely pure, For sickness in your family do not for heaven's sake use any brandy but old and strictly pure distillant from the grape.

What the Porte Will Do

Constantinople, March 14.—The Porte has agreed to concentrate the Turkish troops now on the Island of Crete in the fortified towns as soon as the Greek forces are withdrawn.

Our Story Teller.

A SOLDIERS STORY.

"And you wish me to tell you" said the old Commandant B—a shade of sorrow crossing his worn visage—"you wish me to tell you of my entree at Saint Cyr in 1812? Ah well, I will do it, though, it is a story and a memory so painful that it clings to me yet."

Now, judge for yourselves, my dear readers, the emotion with which I heard it that stormy evening, seated beneath the arbor of the pretty garden that surrounded the dwelling of the old veteran of Choisy-le-Roi

* * * * * *

"I was but 16 years of age when I departed from Charlemagne. As you have heard before the story of those brilliant days, it is only necessary to recall to mind the state of feelings between the scholars of the Prytaneum all sons and grandsons of the officers, and the scholars of the Lyceum, and sons and grandsons of the bourgeois. Add to this that the moment of my arrival was immediately following a decree of the emperor's which had called to the grand army, as candidates for sous lieutenancies, every scholar who had completed a six months' course at the school, and that all the Charlemagnes of the previous promotion had already been dispatched toward Moscow. I was, therefore, alone, without a single comrade to protect me against the Prytaneums or to serve as a guide for me across the unknown breakers of new life.

"As in all the training schools of that epoch, where it was necessary to turn out soldiers as fast as possible, the days were entirely consumed in studying and putting into practice the tactics that we were there to learn. And truly it would be hard to depict to you the determination, the ambition to excel, if possible, those captains of 20, returned from Bohemia or Spain, who were daily elbowed in the streets of Paris, with crutches under their shoulder and the star of gallantry upon their breasts.

"A portion of the evening, however was given us as our own and spent, as a rule, in the depths of the Cafe Turc—that is to say, the special nook most frequented by the school cadets—its malodorous atmosphere operating as a check upon the interference or appearance of L'Ecole surveillants. Lounging there as usual one evening, among the rest of them, I suddenly remembered that I had entirely forgotten a commission that I had promised myself to attend to, and that close upon the hour at which we must be in quarters, there was but a little time in which to do it. Necessity driving me, I forgot to be prudent and failed to see, as I scurried through the door way that I had knocked against a corporal of the Prytaneum at that moment coming into the cafe, and that his pipe had fallen to the ground.

"What do you mean, blockhead?' with a formidable oath. 'What do you mean,' he cried, 'upsetting me in that way?'

"But I hurried on. In fact I scarcely heard him in the haste I was in to finish my errand.

"'didn't you hear me,' he shouted, 'you miserable little poltroom—you, who pretend to be a Parisian? Stop I say stop!' And he darted after me, calling at the top of his lungs.

"How I found myself before him, how he parried the blow that I gave him full in the face, is more than I can tell you. I foamed with rage and recall nothing save that they ran from the cafe at the noise, and that ten vigorous arms held me at a respectful distance from the corporal.

"'So, my little one,' he said to me when he could speak again, 'so that is your humor, is it? But you are not at the Lyceum now. At L'Ecole it is not with blows of the fist that one regulates these little affairs. Go, you others; seek instruments. The "blue" since he wishes it, shall have a lesson to remember.'

Two of the seniors ran at his bidding, while a third, almost as much of a child as myself, approached and questioned me in a low voice.

"'You are here without friends,' said he, 'and fencing. Do you understand it?'

"'Fencing? Of course. I was three years at the iron.'

"'So much the better,' he replied, addressing the corporal. Then I will be his second.'

At this moment the seniors returned bringing with them a couple of bayonets, upon the ends of each was tied with stout wrappings of cord an open compass. It was a weapon hard to handle, but supple, light and dangerous.

"'And now my brave one,' said the corporal, throwing himself into position, look to your skull, if you know what is good for you; look to it well, or you will have it broken.'

Everything that had occured had passed so rapidly that it seemed to me as if I were the victim of a dream, a nightmare from which I must soon awaken. But it was not time to hesitate now. Nay my adversary was waiting, the seconds, in order to give us all the space that was possible, drawn close against the wall—from which the caricatures done in charcoal and the ribald inscriptions scratched upon its surface seemed to leer at and mock us.

"'Begin!' cried the friends of the corporal. 'Begin! it is late, and the hour for quarters!' We obeyed, and the duel began.

And the coporal—I see him now, the yellow rays of the single lamp falling full upon his mocking face, his sneering lips, his clear blue eyes. He was posed swaggeringly, according to the fashion of the day, the left hand behind his back and well opened, the knee bent, the point of the compass at the proper height. This adventure amused him-he was going to belabor an imperial conscript, and this conscript who had resisted him, a corporal of the Prytaneum, he was going to send to him to the infirmary for a week at least, but not until he had taught him a lesson. He had done it before, during the last season, and they had not expected him, the little bourgeois whom he had belabored as he was going to belabor this one—they had not expected him to live.

"'One—two—three!' counted the seconds, and our weapons crossed, he attacking me.

'Well done, conscript, well done, and parried! You have been in the hall before. But, behold, a stroke you have never heard of. Heed it well—I recommend it.' I parried it as easily as the others.

'So,' cried my adversary, a little astonished—'so, but I'll give you a fourth. You are a novice by no means. Now parry this, my garcon, parry it if you can.' And he came at me again. I obeyed, and following up my momentary advantage responded quickly with a hasty feint and a forward thrust.

'Ah, but you have touched me!' he cried. 'You have wounded me—you have—'

And all at once, without another word the corporal threw up his arms, his weapon fell from his hand, a red foam frothed from his mouth, and he dropped upon the floor, dead. The compass had buried itself in his breast to the tying.

Describe to you that moment? No, I cannot. I remember it only as one remembers the horrors of a dream. There was noise, there was confusion, a heated wrangle between the seconds—a wrangle that would have ended in another struggle but for the rest of the witnesses and the necessity for hurrying to quarters. After that no more. The blood had mounted to my brain, my head whirled and I swooned away.

When I returned to myself I was alone in the Cafe Turc. Alone? No, for extended beside the door, bolted from the outside, the corporal slept his last sleep. Ah, that handsome and martial figure that an hour ago had laughed at death, the death that had taken him at 20 years of age and for the sake of a foolish schoolboy's quarrel.

I was afraid. His wide open eyes made me shiver, and I got upon my knees beside him, striving, with quivering fingers, to keep them closed. My childhood's prayers came back to me, and I recited them, some vague and wild idea of atonement revolving in my brain, while the 'De profundis clamavi ad te, Domine,' rolled from my lips like a dirge. Above us—and how often, in moments supreme, as this, similar trifles catch and fix the attention!—I noticed that the blood had spattered upon the wall beside the body, tattooing from head to foot the figure of a grotesque kaiserlich that a grenadier of the Old Guard was in the act of piercing with his bayonet; also that more red drops were falling from a wounded heart pinned to the corner of the frame, across which ran the motto, 'I love Josephine!' And on my knees beside the dead I continued my lugubrious prayer, 'De profundis clamavi ad te, Domine.' A quarter of an hour more of it and I would have been mad.

Happily, at this juncture, the door opened. It was the sergeant in command, an ampute from Egypt, followed by a file of cadets under arms, behind them a litter.

'Carry it,' said the officer, motioning to the body beside which I knelt, 'carry it to the infirmary. As for you, conscript, come with me at once to the governor.' And, turning upon his heel, the officer went out again, evidently expecting me to follow him.

'Keep up thy heart, conscript!' my second murmured as I passed him—he had returned with the others. 'Keep up thy heart! Sacre bleu, but thou hast no reason to reproach thyself.'

No reason to reproach myself when even then I was walking in the wake of that funeral litter, that ghastly burden, through the darkness of the night, the courts white with snow, and to the cabinet of the man who was to judge me for my deed. No, truly, I had naught with which to reproach myself!

The governor, to whom they were conducting me, was the general of the division, a certain Baron Bellavene, a grognard, as they already designated the conquerors who had planted the flag of revolution at the four corners of the Europe coalisee, and who had left a leg at Radstadt. He was seated as we entered the hall in the immediate circle of the lamplight, late as it was—the clocks of the city had just sounded 3—engaged in writing and sorting over a mountain of reports and papers piled upon the table before him.

'The conscript, M. le general,' said the sergeant briefly. 'He is here by order.'

'Very well,' replied the general. 'Wait in the other room, and you,' he continued, suddenly turning the shade of the argand until the rays fell directly upon my face—'you regard me.'

In the meantime the walk through the biting atmosphere of the night had, in a measure, brought me to my senses. The bloody apparition of the Cafe Turc was effaced from my thoughts. I was unfortunate, but not criminal, and I saw myself in the fullness of my right before the judge who was to pronounce upon my deed. I raised my eyes to the general as he had commanded.

'Tell me the truth,' said he. 'You insulted the corporal?'

'No.'

'You struck him?'

'No; I was not able.'

'But you threatened him?'

'Yes; he called me a poltroon.'

'And you killed him—with a compass?'

'Yes, but he also had a compass We were fighting honorably.'

'But you fenced better than he?'

'Yes, but it was not my fault.'

'How old are you?'

'Sixteen years.'

'Have you parents?'

'A mother only.'

'Your father?'

'Killed at Austerlitz. He was to have been a captain.'

'Do you know what awaits you?'

'Perhaps—'

'And repent?'

'No, my general.'

'What!' cried the general. 'Not repent in the face of the court martial, the platoon of execution?'

'So much the better for me. No one will ever call me a poltroon again.'

'Ah,' said the general, I see.' And for a moment, a moment that appeared to me a century, he seemed to be lost in reflection.

'Sergeant,' he called at last—'sergeant, conduct him'—pointing to me—'conduct him to the side of the corporal whom he has killed. At daybreak justice shall be done. Once for all we will finish with this mania of the compass.'

* * * * *

Twenty minutes later I was in the infirmary looking upon the face of the man whose life I had taken. The corporal rested upon his funeral bed between four lighted tapers. On a table at the head of it was a crucifix, a saucer with a sprig of boxwood steeping in the holy water; at the foot of it a Sister of St. Vincent de Paul kneeling in prayer. I dropped beside her, my face in my hands, my body, in spite of all that I had said to the general, racked with sobs. Ah, the anguish of that funeral watch!

Day came at last and a pale, wintry sun lighted the scene of mourning, more and more lugubrious as it freed itself from the shadows. The smile of the dead however, no longer seemed to be a menacing grimace, and behind the half closed lids I saw the eyes blue, clear and charged with light. How willingly would I have changed the roles and placed, burning with remorse, shivering with fever, upon the priedieu where I leaned in agony! How willingly would I have taken his place, as cold as rigid, beneath the winding sheet, upon which my tears ran silently!

"A hand suddenly laid upon my shoulder made me tremble. It was the good sister, a bowl of broth in her hand.

"Take it, my child,' said she, 'and a little of this bordeaux with it—it will give you courage!' But I pushed the glass aside. It seemed to me like blood.

"You must,' she persisted. 'You must! 'You have prayed, you have expiated. God is merciful. He will pardon! Drink, my little one, drink as I bid you.' I protested no longer, but drank as she told me and was still on my feet when the door opened and the sergeant reappeared.

"It is the hour, conscript.' said he 'Come, the picket awaits you.'

"The hour! The hour for what?"

"Drawn up before the door of the infirmary, in the centre of the Grand alley, under the trees white with frost, the picket did await us—a dozen of my own classmates, armed from head to foot, in full uniform, their guns upon their shoulders, their bayonets shinning in the morning light. I had guessed aright—it was the platoon of execution.

"At the sight of it, explain it as you will, a reaction took place in me, a salutary reaction. My agony left me, my vision cleared, my speech returned to me.

"So much the better,' I said aloud 'so much the better. This torment will soon be ended.' And loosening my vest and the collar about my neck, so as not to impede the bullets, I sought the tree against which they wished to place me. At this moment a tall and well known figure detached itself from a group of officers behind the pickets and stepped in front of me. It was General Bellavene wrapped in his military mantle, his hat pulled close about the eyes that had more than once made the enemy tremble.

"Have you nothing you wish to say to us, conscript—nothing to demand of us before the execution?'

"'No, my general, nothing—unless, as I was the officer of the exercises this morning, will you allow me to command the platoon now? I wish to die like a soldier.

"To die like a soldier! Well, so be it! Receive your orders,' turning brusquely to the motionless picket. 'Receive your orders from the officer of the day.' And he returned to the rear again.

"What did I think of as I faced the muzzle of those guns? What did I expect, hope or pray for?—Nothing absolutely nothing, save that I was a soldier and must die as one; that I must wedge myself firmly in the snow at my feet in order to remain upright upon the slippery earth; that I must give my orders, even to the last, in a voice clear and strong.

But the moment had come. The general and the platoon waited. I hesitated no longer.

"Attention!' drawing myself up to my full height. 'Attention! Load!

"No!' cried the general, stepping to the front. 'The command is useless, The guns are charged already.' And he darted upon me an angry eye. His anger, however, or the technicalities of the manual mattered little to me now. Carried away by the exaltation of my atonement, I was insensible to terrestrial impresions—wandering already in unknow realms. I, too, like the corporal, smiled at the death that called to me.

"Ready!' I cried again. 'Ready!' And the clicking of the locks resounded through the stillness.

"Aim!' My heart throbbed to bursting my eyes turned to the heaven above me, but my voice was still unshaken, my pose erect, as, with a thought of mother and a hasty sign of the cross I gave the last command, 'Fire!'

* * * * * * * * * * * * *

A heavy detonation followed, a blinding smoke from the powder, then—nothing. I was still upright against the tree, without a wound or scratch. In front of me were the lowered guns, the smoke curling lazily from the barrels, behind them the waiting officers and the general himself.

"You have tricked me!' I cried almost weeping in my rage. 'You have tricked me. Load and fire again at once. I order it!'

"And I, the contrary,' said the general loudly, placing himself before me. 'Ah, thou wicked conscript'-his voice softening into tenderness—'come, embrace me, for thou art a gamin of sound sense.' And, stooping quickly, before I knew what he was about he had lifted me in his arms and kissed me upon both cheeks.

"But, my general,' I urged with honest bitterness, 'didn't you see—don't you know that they had put no balls in the guns?'

"Of course not, Parbleau, but thou art hard to comprehend! Dost thou take me for an orgre of the fairy tales? But fret no more, my boy. Thou art truly a soldier who remains at school no longer. This evening thou goest to the grand army. I shall send thee to the care of a friend who will see that thou art placed above the lower grades. Return with epaulets upon thy shoulders-I wish it-But no more duels. They are criminal and take away the gallant men of whom the emperor has need. And now I must go. They await me for the evidence Later on they will bring thee to me. Till then, my child, adieu!"

* * * * * * *

Behold, said the commandant as he finished his story, "why I made the campaign of Russia at 16 years of age, why I was wounded at Beresina and why, at last, I was sous lieutenant six months before my comrades by promotion. Come with me," he added, rising to his feet. I wish to show you the portrait of the man who saved me and who addressed to me his last regard before dying for the good of his country. It hangs beside the crucifix above my bed.—Pearson's weekly.

—That now we have bright McKinley weather, The bright sunshine is a harbinger of brighter days.

Song of the Burden Bearer.

Over the narrow footpath
That led from my lowly door,
I went with thought of the Master,
As oft I had walked before.
My heart was heavily laden,
And with tears my eyes were dim:
But I knew I should lose the burden
Could I get a glimpse of him.

Over the trodden pathway,
To the fields all shorne and bare,
I went with a step that faltered,
And a face that told of care.
I had lost the light of the morning,
With its shimmer of sun and dew:
But a gracious look of the Master
Would the strength of morn renew.

While yet my courage wavered,
And the sky before me blurred,
I heard a voice behind me
Saying a tender word.
And I turned to see the brightness
Of heaven upon the road,
And suddenly lost the pressure
Of the weary, crushing load.

Nothing that hour was altered
I had still the weight of care:
But I bore it now with gladness
Which comes of answered prayer.
Not a grief the soul can fetter,
Nor cloud its vision, when
The dear Lord gives the spirit
To breathe to His will. Amen.

"Next!"

When the noted revivalist came to town Mrs. Stimpson was determined that George should hear him. She went early and George went with her. They sat in a front seat, where impassioned utterances of the exhorter should fall at first hand on the dulled ears of George. Alas before the services fairly comemenced George was fast asleep. Luckily Mrs. Stimson, her eyes glued upon the speaker, did not notice George's defection. Presently the revivalist began to call for the saved. A man came down the aisle to the front seat.

"Welcome, brother," shouted the revivalist; "who is next?"

Mrs. Stimpson looked at George. Horrors! he was fast asleep!

"Who is next?" shouted the preacher.

Mrs. Stimsom shook George. He feebly opened his eyes.

"Next!" screamed the good man

"Am I next?" muttered George.

"Yes, yes!" whispered the exultant wife.

"Next!" shouted the revivalist.

"Then gimme a hair cut," mut tered George, and lapsed back into unconsciousness.—Cleveland Plain-Dealer.

TO CONSUMPTIVES.

The undersigned having been restored to health by simple means, after suffering for several years with a severe lung affection and that dread disease **Consumption**, is anxious to make known to his fellow sufferers the means of cure. To those who desire it we will cheerfully send (free of charge) a copy of the prescription used, which they will find a sure cure for **Consumption, Asthma, Catarrh, Bronchitis** and all throat and lung maladies. He hopes all sufferers will try his remedy, as it is invaluable thosedesiring the prescription, which will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing, will please address,

REV EDWARD A. WILSON,
Brooklyn, New York.

Actor O'Neill Sued.

Chicago, March 9.—James O'Neill, the actor, was served with a process before leaving the city in a suit filed by Alfred Hamilton O'Neill, who claims to be his son and asks $20,000 damage. The allegations are that the actor and the mother of the complainant were married in 1871 when she was 15 years old; that in 1875 James O'Neill deserted his wife, and in 1877 she filed a bill for divorce on the ground of desertion. The defendent, it is alleged, worked a most outrageous fraud on the court and procured a decree that no marriage ever existed and having her bill dismissed. Young O'Neill now asks that this decree be set aside, and his parentage be established, and for the appointment of a receiver.

Hotel Changes Hands.

Wm H. Runkle will succeed Ed Ruhl as landlord at the Centre Hall Hotel on the first day of April. Other applicants for the hotel were D. C. Keller, of Bellefonte, and Robt Bartges, of Penn Hall. Mr. Runkle purchased the stand from Boozer Bros. and Ruhl for $7.000,00 giving his residence at Centre Hall valued at $2400.00 as part payment on the purchase.

A Good Example.

The action of the silver Republicans in deciding to make the money issue paramount sets a good example to the gold Democrats, the Baltimore News (Dem.) says: "They must keep themselves in readiness to support, not merely by assenting vote, but by active work and friendly counsel, any effort which may be honestly put forward by the incoming administration to place the finances of the country upon a sound basis. They would stultify their course in the contest of last year if they allowed party considerations to have so much as a feather's weight in comparison with their duty upon this issue of transcendent moment."

Weyler to Court-Martial Women.

New York, March 9.—A Havana special to the World says:

Gen. Weyler has issued an order directing that hereafter all women arrested in Cuba who are called "suspicious" shall be tried by court-martial. While the penalty is not publicly stated it is supposed that if the women are found guilty the death penalty will be imposed. The issuing of this order has been protested against by some of the foreign consuls.

Gen. Weyler says, it is asserted, that the women are the hardest to subdue, and that if he had his way he would kill them first and try them afterward.

A kinsman of the first President of the Republic has been arrested and treated in the most cruel manner possible. He was imprisoned in a small cell, six by nine, and kept incomunicado 100 days. He had only one meal a day, slight at that, was reduced to a skeleton by inhuman treatment, and is now dying from the effects. He is only 16 years old.

Evangelical Appointment.

The closing session of the United Evangelical conference was held last night at Carlisle, and announced. The following appointments for near by charges:

Williamsport District—W E Detwiller, presiding elder; Williamsport, First Church, H A Benfer; Williamsport, St. Paul's J A Hollenbaugh; Williamsport, Newberry, W B Cox; Williamsport, Circuit. S E Koontz· Warrensville, H H Douty; Hughesville; C L Sones; White Deer, H A Stoke; Lycoming, J D Stover; Jersey Shore, W N Wallis; Lock Haven, J W Thompson; Lock Haven Circuit, J B Fox; East Point, D W Miller; Liberty, L N Dice; Grover; J M Price; Wayland. J M King; Steuben, C W Guinter.

Centre district—A Stapleton, presiding elder. Bellefonte, C H Goodling; Bellefonte curcuit, G W Heiney; Altoona and Bellwood, W M Sanner; Howard, J E Schrist; Nittany, E W Koontz; Sugar Valley. C F Garrett; Brush Valley, W H Stover; Centre Hall, W W Rhoads; Spring Mills, W H Brown; Centre, J J Lohr; Millmont, D P Schaffer; Buffalo J Shambach; New Berlin, J F Schultz; Penns Creek, A D Gramley; Middleburg, J Hertz; McClure, L Dice; Port Trevorton, W H Hoch; Lewistown, George Joseph; Potterson, J D Shortess.

Fourth Class Postmasters.

A dispatch from Washington on Monday says: The Fourth Assistant Postmaster General is the man who makes the appointments of fourth class postmasters. The present incumbent will have served four years tomorrow and his commission expires. There are now 66,725 fourth class postoffices and the pressure for them is very great. Nobody knows who is to be appointed to the vacancy, but whoever goes there will be required to temporarily restrain his zeal. President McKinley intends to give the fourth class postmasters terms of four years, and the pressure of spoilsmen will not affect that determination. Heretofore the Fourth Assistant Postmaster General has been 'a headsman,' but during this administration he will be a perfunctory official.

Mother McKinley Home.

Canton, O., March 12.—"Mother' Nancy Allison McKinley and her daughter Miss Helen McKinley, who were in Washington for the inauguration cermonies, reached Canton this morning in the private car of Vice-President Pugh of the Pennsylvania Company, attached to the regular Pennsylvania train.

"Mother" McKinley, who is well on toward 90 years of age, does not seem in the least fatigued by her visit, and when she left the car and greeted her friends at the station to-day she seemed remarkably hale and sprightly for one of her years.

"I was having to good a time to get tired" she said in answer to a question. She seems glad, however, to get back to her Canton home, and would not care to change it for a residence in Washington.

Home Reception to Mr. Stevenson.

Bloomington, Ill., March 9.—Ex-Vice President Stevenson was given a reception this evening that was a brilliant event. The attendance was large, including leading citizens of all parties. Ex-Gov. Fifer made the opening address. He eulogized the ex-Vice President, and paid a glowing tribute to his success in public office. He spoke briefly of public life in Washington, and paid a tribute to the worth and ability of Vice President Hobart. J. W. Cook, President of the State Normal University, also spoke.

THE BUSINESS OUTLOOK

Curiosities of Human Nature are Again Illustrated.

THE OUTLOOK IS VERY PROMISING

Yet Everybody is Expecting a Rush When There Never was Legitimate Increase Except by Slow Degrees.

New York, March 12.—R. G. Dun & Co. will say to morrow in the weekly review of trade: It is a curious illustration of human nature, this continued discouragement even while the increase of productive industries and of legitimate business steadily grows. No genuine or lasting improvements could come otherwise than slowly and step by step after such a depression as the past four years have witnessed, and the most hopeful feature of the situation is that the gain is so nearly devoid of elements which involve unsoundness and probable reaction. The money market continues especially favorable to industrial recovery, and there is no such speculative epidemic as to lock up an excessive share of available capital. The annual statement of wheat in farmers' hands March 1 have not in the least stimulated speculation. The price has declined 3½ cents for the week, and corn is also a fraction lower.

Iron furnaces March 1 were producing 170,000 tons weekly 7,000 tons, or 4 per cent, more than February 1, and although visible stocks have increased 30,000 tons in four weeks, still more furnaces have started this month. The demand for finished products still lags behind the supply of pig iron except in the great steel works, whose stocks are not reported, but their orders without doubt cover full production for several months. The chief events in the railroad world have been encouraging. The transfer of the Lehigh Valley to control of the Morgan and Drexel houses promises important relief and tends toward greater harmony of coal interests for the future. At the same time the reduction which will be announced to-day, of 25 cents in prices of anthracite looks toward a larger demand and better employment in the future.

March earnings for railroads thus far reported shows an increase of 3 per cent over last year.

Failures for the past week have been 256 in the United States, against 300 last year, and 61 in Canada, against 60 last year.

AS TO BRADSTREET'S.

New York, March 12.—Bradstreet's tomorrow will say: Continued activity in various industrial lines, based on an expanding consumptive demand fairly steady prices for staples, further improvement in railway earnings and widespread confidence that the volume of business will expand materially in the near future, constitute trade features of the week.

Industrial revival has been offset in instances by the closing of factories and mills, and in others by continued operation dependent upon paying reduced wages.

Bank clearings, as a trade barometer, point to a temporary check to the tendency to increase notes earlier in the year the week's total—$926,000.000—being 8 per cent, less than last week and 2 per cent less than in the second week of March, 1896.

February gross railway earnings tend to improve although comparisons with that month in 1896 still favors last year.

Business failures continue to decrease the total for the week being 227 against 262 last week and 282 in the same week a year ago.

In the Kaiser Case.

Norristown, Pa., March 10.—When court was opened this morning at the resumption of the trial of Charles O. Kaiser, jr., who is accused of the murder of his wife, Emma P. Kaiser, a falling top sparring carriage, with the top raised, stood within the bar enclosure. This is the carriage in which Mrs. Kaiser took the fatal ride. In the top cover is a hole evidently made by a bullet. The right end of the seat is clotted with blood and there is a blood stain eight inches in diameter on the left side of the floor of the carriage box, the outside of which is also marked with gore. The commonwealth expects to prove that this carriage was stolen from a Mr. Jackson in Gloucester, N. J., by a woman and was nominally purchased in September by Kaiser from Lizzie DeKalb, n aPhildelphia. The court room was filled as usual to day.

A number of witnesses were called by the commonwealth this morning to prove that Kaiser was intimate with James A. Clemmer and Lizzie DeKalb, the man and woman who are missing and who are alleged to have been in the conspiracy with Kaiser to kill his wife.

Life is like a game of cards. Many a supposed king turns out to be a jack.

What the Mothers' Congress Means

RACHEL FOSTER AVERY, PHILADELPHIA.

Fully a year ago some earnest women of Washington, chief among them Mrs. Theodore Birney and Mrs. Phebe A. Hearst, began to plan a National Congress of mothers to be held at the Nations Capital early in 1897. February seventeenth to nineteenth inclusive, this Congress held its sessions attended by such crowds that the very first meeting made a larger hall imperative and the great church to which it moved, seating fully thirteen hundred persons, was filled to overflowing; women stood three hours at a stretch to hear the addresses (having to go early to get even standing room and nearly an hour before the opening to secure a seat) or perched upon the high window sills, on the railings and in the organ gallery.

Of the twenty-seven addresses delivered to the Congress (not counting the numerous Conferences which were, in some cases, even more valuable than the other sessions,) thirteen can easily be classified as being directly intended to help toward the training of mothers. Perhaps the general expectation might be that they would discuss the virtues and failings of the children, but it was rather the virtues and the lacks of Mothers that were on trial, and right glad am I that things took this turn. Six addresses were pleas for the interest of Mothers in the world's children, for a broader conception of the meaning of Motherhood; the remaining eight might be classified under historical and devotional, together with the address of Welcome by the President and the eloquent response by Mary Lowe Dickinson, President of the National Council of Women.

The aim of the originator of the Congress is to interest all mothers in the betterment of their present methods of training their children and to suggest to all women the need of some method of training toward the duties of motherhood. In carrying out this idea, they wish to enlist the women already organized for any purpose, but they also desire to preserve the personal element and to make all women feel that they are personally invited to these annual Congresses.

The words "woman sufferage" were only once (to my knowledge) spoken aloud at the meetings, but, though that key note was not struck there, this new movement to interest woman in their higher duties can not fail to ultimate in bringing them to a realization that, where the mother-heart wishes to make itself felt in law, it needs the ballot in the mother-hand to bring that about. In many directions already these mothers, just begining to understand that the world is made up of homes and that to be a good world it must be a good representative of the best in the home, have begun to ask for legislation; very soon they will find that something more than the asking is neccessary,—the right to a voice in selecting the men who make and execute the laws under which they live.

St Louis People Given a Fright

St. Louis, Mo, March 10.—A theatrical advance agent started a sensation in St. Louis by causing cardboards to be tacked and hung and pasted about the city wherever his men could find the space, these cardboards bearing in flaming letters the words:

BULLETIN.

WARNING!

A TORNADO IS COMING.

A large black flag, like the one used by the Weather Bureau, was represented on the card, conveying the idea that the pasteboards were issued officially. The condition of the weather was threatening, and when the people saw these advertising cards they became very much alarmed. Soon the police, the Weather Bureau and the newpaper offices were flooded with telephone and private messages, asking if a tornado was really predicted. People in the residence portion of the city gathered their families together and prepared for trouble. Many of the schools on the South Side and in the West End closed as soon as word was received of the supposed approaching storm, and the frightened children came home trembling and in tears to tell the bad news to their parents.

All through that locality where the fearful tornado of last May spread so much death, the terror of the women especially was pitiable Many families took refuge in the cellars, and it was not until the murky clouds began to disappear that they could be persuaded to leave. In the meantime the police were busy tearing up the awe-inspiring placards and assuring the people there was no danger. The advance agent has disappeared.

—G. W. Atherton, President of the Pennsylvania State College, is a candidate for the Mexican Mission.—Clearfield Journal,

—The year 1897 began on Friday, end on Friday, and has 53 Fridays in it.

Alabama's Coal and Coke output.

Birmingham, Ala., March 9.—State Mine Inspector J. D. Hillhouse completed the compilation of his annual report to-day, which shows last year's coal output in Alabama to have been 5,731,738 tons, an increase of 26,025 tons over the year previous, and the coke production, 2,589,740, an increase of 800,000 tons. These figures, together with those on pig iron production heretofore issued, show that last year Alabama broke all previous records in coal, coke, and iron production. This result is a surprise, because of the widespread trade depression prevailing throughout the country last year, but it is accounted for by the widening of Alabama's market, a good foreign trade in coal and iron having been built up within the past twelve months.

BEECH CREEK RAILROAD.

New York Central & Hudson River R. R. Co., Lessee.
Condensed Time-Table.

Read Up.		In effect Nov. 16th, 1896.		Read Down
Exp	Mail.			Exp. Mail.
No.37	No.33			No.30 No.36
p.m	p.m.			a.m. p.m.
	1 55	Arr	PATTON Lve	†4 00
9 30	1 10	Ar.	MAHAFFEY Lv.	† 5 00 4 40
9 05	12 35	Lv.	Kerrmoor Ar	5 25 5 05
8 55	12 25		GAZZAM	5 35 5 15
8 49	12 15	Ar.	Kerrmoor Lv.	5 41 5 22
8 45	12 11		New Millport	5 46 5 27
8 39	12 05		Olanta	5 52 5 33
8 33	11 59		Mitchells	5 58 5 39
8 16	11 40	Lv	Clearfield Junc Arr	6 15 5 57
8 08	11 31		CLEARFIELD	6 25 ‡ 6 05 (6 30
7 57	11 21	Arr	Clearfield Junc Lv	6 35 6 59
7 48	11 12		Woodland	6 45 6 47
7 42	11 05		Bigler	6 52 6 53
7 37	10 58		Wallaceton	6 57 6 59
7 28	10 50		Morrisdale Mines	7 06 7 07
7 20	10 41	Lv	Munson Ar	7 15 7 15
6 55	10 16	Lv	PHILIPSBURG	{ Ar. 7 40 7 40
7 40	11 01	Ar		{ Lv. 6 55 6 55
7 18	10 36	Ar	Munson	7 17
7 12	10 32		Winburne	7 22
6 48	10 12		PEALE	7 40
6 26	9 50		Gillintown	7 57
6 16	9 43		SNOW SHOE	8 04
5 18	8 48	—	BEECH CREEK	8 48 8
5 05	8 33		Mill Hall	9 01 9
4 58	8 25		LOCK HAVEN	9 07 9
4 47	8 15		Youngdale	9 16 9 2
4 35	8 00		JERSEY SHORE Junc.	9 29 9 4
4 30	7 55		JERSEY SHORE	9 30 9 4
†4 00	†7 25	Lv	WILLIAMSPORT Ar	10 05 10 20
p.m	a.m			a.m. p.m.
p.m.	a.m.	(PHILA. & READING RY.)		a.m. p.m.
†2 40	†6 55	AT	WILLIAMSPORT Lv	†10 20 †11 30
†8 35	†11 30	LV	PHILADELPHIA Ar	5 05 7 10
†4 30		LV	NEW YORK via Tamq.	Ar 6 00
	†7 30	LV	NEW YORK via Phila.	Ar 7 25 †9 30
a.m.	p.m.			p.m. a.m.

* Daily. † Week-days. ‡ 5 00 p.m. Sunday. ‡ 10 55 a.m. Sunday.

"b" New Pork passengers traveling via Philadelphia on 10 20 a. m. train from Williamsport, will change cars at Columbia Ave Phila.

CONNECTIONS.—At WILLIAMSPORT with Philadelphia & Reading Ry. At JERSEY SHORE Junc. with Fall Brook Railway. At MILL HALL with Central R.R. of Pa. At PHILIPSBURG with Pennsylvania Railroad. and Altoona and PhilipsburgConnecting R.R. At CLEARFIELD with Buffalo, Rochester & Pittsburg Railway. At MAHAFFEY and PATTON with Cambria & Clearfield Division of Pennsylvania Railroad. At MAHAFFEY with Pennsylvania & Northwestern Railroad.

A. G. PALMER, Superintendent. F. E. HERRIMAN, Genl Pas. Agent, Philadelphia. Pa

CENTRAL RAILROAD OF PENNSYLVANIA.

Condensed Time Table.

READ DOWN.				Nov. 16, 1896.	READ UP.		
No.5	No.3	No.1			No.2	No.4	No.6
p.m.	p.m.	a.m.	Lv.	Ar.	a m	p.m.	p.m
†7 45*	3 45	†7 20		Bellefonte	10 10	6 10	10 15
7 59	3 57	7 34		Nigh	9 56	5 57	10 02
8 05	4 03	7 41		Zion	9 50	5 51	9 56
8 12	4 08	7 46		Hecla Park	9 45	5 46	9 51
8 15	4 10	7 48		Dunkles	9 43	5 44	9 49
8 19	4 14	7 52		Hublersburg	9 39	5 40	9 45
8 23	4 18	7 56		Snydertown	9 35	5 37	9 41
8 25	4 20	7 58		Nittany	9 33	5 35	9 39
8 27	4 22	8 00		Huston	9 31	5 33	9 37
8 29	4 24	8 02		Lamar	9 29	5 31	9 35
8 31	4 26	8 04		Clintondale	9 26	5 29	9 33
8 36	4 31	8 09		Krider's S'n'g	9 21	5 24	9 28
8 42	4 37	8 16		Mackeyville	9 15	5 18	9 23
8 48	4 43	8 23		Cedar Springs	9 09	5 12	9 17
8 50	4 45	8 25		Salona	9 07	5 11	9 15
8 55	4 50	8 30		Mill Hall	†9 01†	5 05	†9 10
p.m	p.m.	a.m.	Ar.	Lv.	a.m.	p.m.	p.m.
9 30	9 45			Jersey Shore	4 30		7 55
10 05	10 20	Arr		WM'PORT	Lve 4 00		†7 25
†10 20	†11 30	Lve		WM'PORT	Arr 2 40		†6 55
5 08	7 10			PHILA	†8 35		†11 30
8 32	10 30			Atlantic City	7 00		5 30
6 45				NEW YORK (Via Tamaqua)	†4 30		
7 25	†9 30			NEW YORK (Via Phila)			†7 30
p. m.	a. m.		Ar.	Lv.	a. m		p. m.

*Dally. † Week Days. ‡ 6 00 p. m. Sunday ‡ 10 10 a. m. Sunday.

Philadelphia Sleeping Car attached to East bound train from Williamsport at 11.30 p m and west-bound from Philadelphia at 11 30 p. m.

J. W. GEPHART, General Superintendent

Philadelphia & Reading R. R.

| | | | |

Bellefonte Republican.

The Best Advertising Medium in Central Pennsylvania.

A forty-eight column paper devoted to the interests of the Republican party. Published at Bellefonte, Pa., at $1.50 per annum.

BY EDWARD T. TUTEN.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

SPACE OCCUPIED.	3m	6m	1y
One inch (12 lines this type)	$ 5	$ 8	12
Two inches	7	10	15
Three inches	10	15	20
Four inches	14	17	25
Quarter column	12	20	30
Half column	20	35	55
One column	35	55	100

All advertisements, whether displayed or blank lines, measured by lines of this type.

All advertisements due after the first insertion.

Special notices inserted in our local columns at 20 cents per line for each insertion unless otherwise agreed, by the month, quarter or year.

Editorial notices, in our local columns, 25 cents per line for each insertion.

Professional or Business Cards, not exceeding 10 lines this type, $6 per annum.

All advertisements for a less term than three months 20 cents per line for the first three insertions, and 5 cents per line for each additional insertion.

Advertisers, and especially Advertising Agents, are respectfully informed that no notice will be taken of orders to insert advertisments at less rates than the above, nor will any notice be given to orders of parties unknown to the publisher, unless accompanied by the cash

EDWARD T. TUTEN.

Near-by Cure

"My brother had a severe attack of inflammatory rheumatism and the doctor did not help him. At first he would get some better, but as the effects of the medicine wore off he would be worse than ever. His liver was enlarged and his kidneys out of order. He

Suffered Intense Pain

for two months and took very strong medicine without permanent relief. One day I suggested that he try a bottle of Hood's Sarsaparilla and he consented to do so. After taking a few bottles he was able to go to work. We have a very high opinion of Hood's Sarsaparilla." MARY M. NORTON, Moshannon, Pa.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the best—in fact the One True Blood Purifier.

Hood's Pills are prompt, efficient and easy in effect. 25 cents.

THE McKINLEY BABY.

Marjorie McK. Morse to Be the White House Pet Till 1900.

San Francisco Chronicle.

Every national administration has its infantile pet. The Harrison administration had Baby McKee. Cleveland had Ruth and Esther and Marion. Major McKinley will have Marjorie McKinley Morse, aged 2 years, and the only baby in the whole McKinley family. Miss Morse is a Californian and the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. George E. Morse, of 1530 Grove street, San Francisco. The mother is the daughter of David Allison McKinley, the eldest brother of the president. Mrs. Morse is a handsome woman, of commanding presence, who has been prominent in local society, and enjoys the esteem of a very large circle of friends. The marriage of herself and her husband some five years ago was a social event.

Mr. Morse is with the Western Sugar Refining company, and is one of the best known and most popular young business men of the city. He has always been interested in politics, but was particularly active during the recent campaign. He was vice president of the National Republican league, chairman of the committee of arrangements for the big Republican parade on the afternoon of October 31, and chief of staff of Grand Marshal Stone upon that occasion. He and Mrs. Morse visited Major McKinley at Canton during the early part of the campaign, and it was then and there officially declared that in the event of Republican success little Marjorie should be the new Baby McKee.

Marjorie is the only baby among all the various branches of the McKinley family, and therefore the major is more than anxious to have her with him at the White House. Miss Marjorie is said to be a remarkable child in many ways, and despite her youth can read fluently, recite prettily, and incidentally charm all who come in contact with her. Mr. Morse is, of course, enthusiastic, as dutiful fathers should be, and when speaking of his child the other day had this to say:

"We will reside in the White House, I suppose, during our stay in Washington. We will return in May, and then, when the weather is more suitable for her we will go East again, taking Marjorie with us.

"Marjorie is the only baby in the entire McKinley family, and the president is very anxious to have her with him. She is a very pretty and bright child, and—oh, of course, I know it may seem somewhat flat or familiar for a father to praise his own child—but, the fact of it is that every one who comes into the house is delighted with little Marjorie. Now, when a little girl only two years old can read a book wherever it is opened, I say it is unusual, if not remarkable. If you show her a picture in a book and tell her about it she never forgets it. She has a remarkable memory for a child. She will recite poetry as well as children four times her age. Then she is a cute little thing, too, you know. She poses prettily, and has many charming ways about her. Well, in fact, even if I am her father, I must say that Marjorie is a very pretty, bright and loveable child."

The little girl, it is alleged, has political aspirations, the office to which she aspires being "chief custodian of the president's heart." That she will become the pet of Washington, if not of the nation, is almost certain, and many an honest penny will humorists earn at her expense, as they did at Baby McKee's.

The Homoeopathic Recorder,

July, 1896, says:

"These badly prepared cocoas are the ones that people 'get tired' of, something that rarely happens if a properly prepared cocoa, such as WALTER BAKER & COMPANY'S, is used. It is at once a delightful food and nourishing drink, and it would be well for humanity if there were more of it consumed and less tea or coffee."

Be sure that you get the genuine article made by WALTER BAKER & CO., Ltd., Dorchester, Mass. Established 1780.

There is a Class of People

Who are injured by the use of coffee Recently there has been placed in all the grocery stores a new preparation called GRAIN-O, made of pure grains, that takes the place of coffee. The most delicate stomach receives it without distress, and but few can tell it from coffee. It does not cost over ¼ of much. Children may drink it with great benefit. 15c. and 25c. per package. Try it. Ask for GRAIN-O.

Fissures In the Earth.

Franklin, Pa., March 14.—A great upheaval of land, about which there is much speculation as to the cause, took place during a heavy storm, a few nights ago, on the farm of George White, south of this city. Acres of ground were torn up as though by deep plowing, while great fissures, from two to four feet in width and many feet deep, extend in all directions about the place. At one place there is a depression a quarter of a mile long and over twenty feet broad, in the form of a half circle. It had apparently been raised and then settled to a depth of nearly ten feet in places. At the time of the shock the houses in that vicinity were roughly shaken and the inmates badly frightened, but no one was injured. Many visitors have been attracted to the place, but none has been able to explain the upheaval.

Worms in Children

Mother Gray's Sweet Worm Powders, used by Mother Gray, a nurse in Children's Home, New York, cure feverishness and destroy worms. At all druggists 25c. Sample FREE. Address Allen S. Olmsted. LeRoy, N. Y.

Fur Bearing Animals.

Some astonishing figures are given in the annual report of the State Zoologist, Dr. B. H. Warren, and the proof sheets show that notwithstanding the great slaughter of animal life, the fur trade of the state is very large. Dr. Warren's report shows that in York county alone the fur—chiefly muskrats, skunks, opossums, raccoons, minks, and foxes—last year obtained there sold for about $20,000. In Chester county one dealer has for several years past sold in New York annually from $3,000 to $5,000 worth of skins above named. In Wayne county a large sum is annually realized by hunters or trappers from furs.

Senator J. G. Mitchell, of Jefferson county, says: From the township of Perry, where I reside, there was, in the winter of 1895 and 1896, at least $1,000 worth of fur shipped to New York. These raw furs consisted chiefly of skunks, muskrats, minks and foxes. A good many oppossums and some wildcats are taken in our county. I consider $12,000 a very conservative estimate to place on the fur bearing animals annually taken in Jefferson county.

The official county records show that the payment of bounties has grown to be something considerable. Statistics from nine counties show that during the last few years bounties have been paid on nearly 16,000 foxes, 1,000 wildcats, 1 panther, 5000 weasels, 8,000 minks, 9,00 hawks, 2,000 owls and thousands of other animals and birds.

Panic among Gotham Importers.

New York, March 16.—When, on Saturday last, the duties on withdrawals of imports from bonded warehouses reached the remarkable total of $1,488,000, it was believed that the panic begun on Wednesday has reached its culmination. To-day's aggregate showed, however, that the panic had only really begun on Saturday. When the doors of the Custom House closed at 5 p. m., Cashier Northrup had collected exactly $2,667,979.51.

This aggregate is the largest in the history of the New York Custom-house for one day, previous record being $2,308,000, made August 1, 1892, when the late A. T. Stewart made his famous payment of $1,000,000 on goods withdrawn,

To-days record-breaking total was made up of $2,178,615.36 on withdrawals from bonded warehouses, and $489,464.15 paid in direct duties upon to-day's port arrivals. The largest sum received from one firm to day was $100,000. Most of the goods involved in the panic are raw sugar, woolens, dress goods, and tobacco. The customs receipts since last Wednesday have been $6,080,642.

American Institute Farmer's Club.

A committee from this club report the wines of Alfred Speer, of Passaic, N. J., the most reliable to be obtained, and that his Oporto Grape makes a Port Wine superior to any in the world. His Claret and Brandy have no superiors.

Don't Sell Them.

Constantinople, March 12.—It is stated here that the administration of sultan's civil list will seek to enter into negotiations with the United States government for the purchase of two or three iron clads that are already completed. It is said that forty thousand pounds will be paid on account of the purchase money.

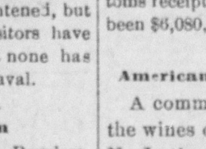
$3,400.00 CASH AND PRIZES GIVEN FREE EACH MONTH FOR Sunlight SOAP WRAPPERS

As follows:

4 First Prizes, each of $100 Cash	- -	$ 400.00
20 Second " " " $100 PIERCE SPECIAL Bicycles*		2,000.00
40 Third " " " $ 25 Gold Watches	-	1,000.00
Cash and Prizes given each month	- -	$3,400.00 12
Total given during 12 mos. 1897,		**$40,800.00**

HOW TO OBTAIN THEM.

Competitors to save as many SUNLIGHT SOAP Wrappers as they can collect. Cut off the top portion of each wrapper, that portion containing the heading "SUNLIGHT SOAP." These (called "Coupons") are to be sent, postage fully paid, enclosed with a sheet of paper stating Competitor's full name and address and the number of Coupons sent in, to Lever Bros., Ltd., New York, marked on outside Wrapper (top left hand corner) with NUMBER of the DISTRICT Competitor lives in.



No. of District	NAME OF DISTRICT.
1	New York City, Brooklyn, Long and Staten Islands, New Jersey.
2	New York State (outside of N. Y. City, Brooklyn, Long and Staten Islands).
3	Pennsylvania, Delaware, Maryland, West Virginia and District of Columbia.
4	The New England States.

*The Bicycles are the celebrated Pierce Special, 1897 Pattern, m'f'd by Geo. N. Pierce & Co., of Buffalo, Boston and New York. Fitted with Hartford Tires, First Class Nickle Lamp, New Departure Bell, Standard Cyclometer, and Hunt Lace Saddle.

RULES.

1. Every month during 1897 in each of the 4 districts prizes will be awarded as follows:

The 1 Competitor who sends in the **Largest Number** of coupons from the district in which he or she resides will receive **$100 Cash.**

The 5 Competitors who send in the **Next Largest Numbers** of coupons from the district in which they reside will **Each** receive at winner's option a lady's or gentleman's **Pierce Special** bicycle, price $100.00.

The 10 Competitors who send in the **Next Largest Numbers** of coupons from the district in which they reside will **Each** receive at winner's option a lady's or gentleman's Gold Watch, price $25.

2. The Competitions will **Close** the **Last Day** of **Each Month** during 1897. Coupons received too late for one month's competition will be put into the next.

3. Competitors who obtain wrappers from unsold soap in dealer's stock will be disqualified. Employees of Lever Brothers, Ltd., and their families, are debarred from competing.

4. A printed list of Winners in Competitor's district will be forwarded to Competitors in about 21 days after each competition closes.

5. Lever Brothers, Ltd., will endeavor to award the prizes fairly to the best of their ability and judgment, but it is understood that all who compete agree to accept the award of Lever Brothers, Ltd., as final.

LEVER BROS., Ltd., New York.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

(From Our Regular Correspondent.)

WASHINGTON, March 15, 1897.

Hon. Thomas B. Reed has for the third time been elected Speaker of the House, a position which, in honor and influence, is second only to that of the presidency. There was no opposition in the Republican caucus to the renomination of Mr. Reed or of any of the other officers of the House in the last Congress. It was in the cases of all of them, except Mr. Reed, simply one good term deserving another, while in his case it was two good terms, although not consecutive ones, deserving another.

Republicans are naturally proud of big Tom Reed and his record as speaker. He has had to face some very difficult and intricate parliamentary situations, but he has never even in a single instance failed to force from them credit for himself and for the Republican party. Although a partisan of partisans upon all purely political questions, no speaker has ever had more, and few as many, warm personal friends among his political opponents. In starting in upon this extra session of Congress the country and the party is to be congratulated that the work of the House will be directed by so experienced a parliamentarian as Mr. Reed.

A scandal of large proportions may be shown up in connection with the acts of Judge Lamoreux, Mr Cleveland's Commissioner of the U. S. Land office, in what is known as the Chicago lake front case. Secretary Bliss has set aside a decision of Lamoreux in favor of certain parties and ordered a new hearing of the case. Ex-Secretary Carlisle, who is now the attorney of the parties whom Lamoreux tried to favor, may be mixed up in the scandal, as it is hinted that he was interested in the case while a member of Mr. Cleveland's cabinet. Lamoreux tendered his resignation and left Washington several days before the close of the Cleveland administration, but his resignation has not been accepted and present indications are that it will not be, but that he will be dismissed. Some very valuable Chicago real estate is involved in this case.

It might be supposed from the concerted yelping from the Democratic free traders at the now completed tariff bill, that they are really surprised to find that Chairman Dingley and his Republican associates have made a protection bill, just as the country last November directed the Republican party to do. They are pretending that they expected the rates of duty in the new bill to be much lower than they are. The new bill is a Republican measure from beginning to end, intended to supply the $50,000,000 annual deficit in the government receipts, and at the same time to give idle American workmen profitable employment by restoring the American market, the best in the whole world, to our own manufacturers and producers, from whom it was taken largely and presented to foreigners by the tariff enacted by Democrats. Whether the tariff bill will become a law in its present shape is a matter beyond telling, but it is a bill that every Republican will gladly vote for just as it stands and no material changes are likely to be made before it passes the House. If changes are made in the Senate it will be because they are necessary to get votes needed to pass it, and not because of any Republican objection to it. President McKinley would gladly sign the bill just as it is and have his administration stand or fall upon its workings.

President McKinley's rule requiring the Congressional delegations to unite in recommending men for office, while disappointing to a few individuals, is on the whole a good one, and one that makes it well-nigh impossible to make a bad appointment. The few appointments made up to this time have been pre-eminently good.

The decision on the part of the administration to go slow in making appointments will also commend itself to the people at large, who are much more interested in seeing the policy inaugurated that will restore the prosperity of the country than in who shall get the comparatively few offices at President McKinley's disposal. Of course most Republicans wish to see all the places under the government, not covered by Civil Service rules, filled by good Republicans, men who are in sympathy with the party principles and policy; and they all will be in the course of a few months, but for the present only such changes as are considered necessary will be made. It is altogether probable that when more important matters have been disposed of, some of the extensions of the Civil Service rules, which are known to have been made solely for the purpose of keeping Democrats in office, will be set aside. Steps are now being quietly taken that will later on give the country a few surprises in connection with some of Mr. Cleveland's extensions of the Civil Service rules. There is no more sincere advocate of the true spirit of civil service reform than President McKinley, but where it is shown that the Civil Service rules have merely been made a cloak to cover the rankest partisanship, he will not hesitate to strip the cloak off the partisans.

Academy Literary Exercises.

The following exercises were had at the meeting of the Addisonian Literary society, Bellefonte Academy, Friday afternoon, March 12:

Eldredge, essay—"Trouble in Crete."

Hassinger, declamation.

Gephart, essay—"The situation in Crete."

Hughes, dec.—"Reconciliation with America."

Keller, essay—'Liabilities in Crete."

Decker, dec.—"American Progress."

Mahaffey, essay—"Use of Compressed Air."

Meek, dec.—"Despair."

Rogers, essay—"The Ways of the World."

Rulofson, essay.

Wright, essay—"Effects of Waterloo."

Hamilton, essay—"Custom or Duties."

Harris, essay—"Necessity of Clean Streets."

Sellers, essay—"Hampton Court Palace."

Weaver, essay—"American's Possibilities."

Bell, essay—"Greeco-Turkish Difficulty."

Daley, essay.

The third division being the Information Committee, they gave us a description of the early lives of the members of the Cabinet:

McKinley, President—Sayers.
Hobart, Vice Prest.—Hannon.
Sherman, Sec. State—Fisher.
Gage, Treasury—Gephart.
Alger, War—Brisbin.
McKenna, Atty. Gen.—Curtin.
Garry, P. M. Gen.—Hendrickson.
Long, Navy—Grauer.
Wilson, Agriculture—Smith.
Bliss, Interior—Valentine.

A Reliable Woman Wanted.

We want a reliable woman in every County to establish a corset parlor for the sale of Dr. Nichol's Celebrated Spinal Supporting Corsets and "Double from End to End" Clasps, with Asbestos Lined Bust Protector. Every pair warranted not to break or rust, absolutely impervious to moisture or perspiration. A new pair given for every pair that breaks. Guarantee printed on each corset. Recommended by over 10,000 physicians. I furnish complete stock on consignment and pay a salary of $40 to $65 per month and expenses. $3,00 sample outfit free. Send 10 cents postage for sample and terms.

Nichols Manufacturing Co.,
tf 378 Canal Street, New York.

Howard Items.

Rev. E. S. Latshaw, will conduct a special Summer Normal, at this place; commencing April 26th, to last Eight weeks.

Mrs. C. F. Smith and daughter, Julia, left on Tuesday morning for Philadelphia, where they will visit Mrs. Smiths aunt, Mrs N. M. Leathers.

Our baker, E. C. Deitz, has his new oven in good running order and is baking excellent bread, cakes &c.

Public sales are now in order and very numerous.

H. W. Bickle of Milesburg, visited our town on Saturday.

The Howard band, after being off on a vacation, has again appeared on our streets.

A birthday surprise party occured on Monday, at the residence of J. B. Wetzel, it being the anniversary of the birth, of Mrs. Wetzel.

Our rake factory is now turning out rakes pretty lively.

Mrs. Geo. Tipton, who has been on the sick list, for some time, is still not able to be around.

The Protract meeting being held in the Lucas Hall, is meeting with good success.

Miss. Ella Holter Aged about 16 years, died on Saturday morning and was buried on Sunday. Interment in the Schenck Cemetery.

The Y. P. S. E. of the United Evangelical Church will hold their regular dime social on Friday evening, of this week, at the residence of the Rev. J. R. Sechriet. A cordial invitation is extended to all to attend.

There is no Word so Full of Meaning

and about which such tender recollections cluster as that of "MOTHER"—she who watched our helpless infancy and guided our first tottering step. The life of every Expectant Mother is beset with danger.

"Mother's Friend"

so assists Nature in the change taking place that the Expectant Mother is enabled to look forward without dread to the hour when she experiences the joy of **Motherhood.** It insures safety to both Mother and Child, and she is found stronger after than before confinement—in short, it "makes Childbirth easy," as so many have said. Don't be persuaded. Use nothing but

"Mother's Friend"

"My wife suffered more in ten minutes with either of her other two children than she did altogether with her last, having previously used four bottles of "Mother's Friend." It is a blessing to anyone expecting to become a mother, says a customer." HENDERSON DALE, Carmi, Ill.

Sent by Mail, on receipt of price, $1.00 PER BOTTLE. Book "To Expectant Mothers" mailed free, containing valuable information and voluntary testimonials.

THE BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., ATLANTA, GA.
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

For earache, put a couple of drops of Thomas' Eclectric Oil on a bit of cotton and place it in the ear. The pain will stop in a few moments. Simple enough, isn't it?

Coming to Bellefonte.

The Northern Pacific Railroad Land Department's World's Fair Product Car will be in our city on Wednesday, March 24th. The display in this car is highly interesting and instructive and is open to the public for inspection free of charge. It contains a comprehensive collection of the fauna and flora, cereal, fruit, mineral and vegetable products of the states traversed by the line of the Northern Pacific railroad, comprising Minnesota, North Dakota, Montana, Washington and Oregon. There are also samples of wood, coal, wool, building stone, and in fact specimens of all industrial products to be obtained along their line. The numerous scenic views and collection of mounted birds and animals add greatly to the interest and variety of the display, so that not only the farmer, fruit grower, lumberman, miner, manufacturer, gardener, tourist, hunter, housekeeper, student and art lover are interested, but in fact all classes of people will find much to admire.

A God sent Blessing.

Mr. B. F. Wood, of Easton, Pa., was a great sufferer from Organic Heart Disease. He never expected to be well again, but Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart was his good angel and he lives to-day to tell it to others, hear him: "I was for fifteen years a great sufferer from heart disease had smothering spells, palpitation, pain in left side, and swelled ankles. Twenty physicians treated me, but I got no relief. I used Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart. One dose relieved me inside of thirty minutes. Seven bottles cured me."

—Thirty-four of the herd of fifty-two thoroughbred cattle at the State asylum at Harrisburg were found to be afflicted with tuberculosis and were killed.

THERE ARE NO EXCUSES NOT TO USE

ST. JACOBS OIL for BRUISES

A PROMPT AND CERTAIN CURE NO ONE REFUSES.

A LOCAL SMITHY.

Lays Aside His Hammer and Tongs to Discuss What to him Was a New Discovery,

If this discovery was unearthed by a blacksmith in Boston, Buffalo or Bradford we would not ask our readers to believe it but when the machanic is in Bellefonte there is no getting away from the truth. You can find a blacksmith at No. 23 Thomas street where he will corroborate personally what is here made public. He says: "The trouble in my back started from a strain I received while shoeing a horse that was rather hard to handle. I have taken a number of kidney remedies and I have been treated by a physician who said my kidneys were out of gear and he could do nothing for me. Besides being troubled with severe backache the urine was very dark and I had severe headaches. I knew they originated from my kidneys for since I have used Doan's Kidney Pills they have stopped. I saw a number of accounts of remarkable cures made by the old Quaker remedy and although I did not know any of the people I concluded to try them as sort of a venture. I sent to the Pharmacy of F. Potts Green and commenced to use them. Colds used to effect me. I have contracted one since I ceased using them and notice no inconvenience. I have also done a great deal of horse shoeing and other heavy work and my back has stood the test all right. I can heartily recommend Doan's Kidney Pills."

For sale by all dealers—price 50 cents. Mailed by Foster Millburn Co., Buffalo N. Y. sole agents for the U. S.

Doings Of Corbett and Fitz.

Carson, Nev., March 14.—Fitzsimmons contented himself with a plunge bath this morning and a drive into town with his wife. The Cornishman took an off day and did no hard work as a flurry of snow this morning softened the roads, which were in a very muddy condition. There were plenty of visitors to Shaw's Springs, where Corbett did some indoor work which Trainer Charley White lightened somewhat from the ordinary routine. In fact both men have about concluded with the heavy work and will let up a good deal during the next couple of days.

Try Gra n-O! Try Grain-O!

Ask your Grocer to-day to show you a package of GRAIN-O, the new food drink that takes the place of coffee. The children may drink it without injury as well as the adult. All who try it, like it. GRAIN-O has that rich seal brown of Mocha or Java, but it is made from pure grains, and the most delicate stomach receives it without distress. ¼ the price of coffee. 15c. and 25c. per package Sold by all grocers,

Not Afraid of Water.

Miss Bessie Earley, a DuBois girl, is the heroine of the town on account of an adventure she had yesterday. She was on the road introducing 'Grandma's yeast," the Courier says, and when on a small bridge which spans Toby creek, the lady dropped a small hand satchel she was carrying and most of the, contents fell into the stream. Without further ado she descended the water's edge, plunged into the cold stream and gathered up the articles all except the mileage book, which was floating gently down stream. Miss Earley waded after it, and as she is not extremely tall, the water soon came up to her waist, but she kept bravely on and soon captured the recreant book and waded victoriously ashore with chattering teeth.

Fitzsimmons and Corbett Great Prize Fight.

The first telegram received here at 12 o'clock said that it was 9 o'clock at Carson City. The day was fair. There were four or five thousand people gathered to see the fight and more coming on every train. The men are both in fine condition and confident of victory, but the betting is light, no sums of over $100 are known to have been risked. The prevailing opinion seems to be that Corbett will be an easy winner.

1.45 New York Time—Corbett entered the ring somewhat nervous. Fitz has not shown up yet. Fight will start promptly at 2 o'clock, Eastern time.

10:50: WESTERN TIME.—Fitz entered the ring amid great applause. Both men in the pink of condition. Goddard deposited $2,500.00 to fight the winner. Sharkey deposited $1500. To fight the winner. Both men are ready for the gong but are waiting on a special passenger train from the east.

2:30—Refused to shake hands, sparring now.

2.45 Eastern Time—Clinch and break away. Fitz gets savage, trys to land on head, but failed every time.

LATER—Now in fourth round. Corbett fighting scientifically. Neither one hurt.

3.35—Fitz has plenty of steam and lands several times. Corbett lands oftener and seems to have better reach.

Seventh round—Both are fighting hard. Corbett uppercutting right and left. Both trying to land a knockout blow.

8th—Both badly winded. Sparring for wind.

10th—Fitz seems to be the stronger of the two and is forcing the fighting.

Fitz knocks out Corbett in the 14th round.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. is on every wrapper.

Death of Miss Ella Holter.

On last Saturday morning at her home in Howard, Centre county, Ella, daughter of Henry Holter, aged 15 years, 9 months and 20 days. Although she had been suffering from a supposed attack of La Grippe and quinsy, yet her sickness was not considered at all serious, and shortly before her death she dressed herself and came down stairs, her parents thinking she was better, when suddenly they noticed a pallor spread over her face and in a few moments her spirit had taken its flight to the haven of eternal rest. Well may it be said of this dear young girl—

"None knew her but to love her,
Ne'er named her but to praise."

She was a member of the M. E. church and an active worker in the Junior League. In the home, at school, in the church, everywhere her sweet disposition and noble christian character won for her the love and esteem of all who knew her. She was a member of the graduating class of the high school, and in several of the branches stood at the head of her class. Unusually bright and studious she aimed to excel in all she undertook, while her gentle, unselfish manner made her greatly beloved by her teacher and schoolmates. She was buried Sunday morning in the cemetery near Howard. Another vacant chair in the home, another soul added to the angelic choir. The sorrowing friends have the sympathy of the entire community in this their sad and sudden bereavement.

There is no death; an angel form
Walks o'er the earth with solemn tread
He bears our best loved things away,
And then we call them "dead."

He leaves our hearts all desolate,
He plucks our fairest, sweetest flowers,
Transplanted into bliss, they now
Adorn immortal bowers.

The bird-like voice whose joyous tones,
Made glad these scenes of sin and strife,
Sings now an everlasting song
Around the tree of life.

Where'er he sees a smile too bright,
Or hearts too pure for taint and vice,
He bears it to that world of light,
To dwell in Paradise.

Born unto that undying life,
They leave us but to come again,
With joy we welcome them the same—
Except their sin and pain.

And ever near us, though unseen,
The dear immortal spirit's tread,
For all the boundless universe
Is life—there are no dead."

M. S. L.

In Memoriam.

Ella Leah Holter, student of the Howard High school, Howard, Penn'a.

WHEREAS, It has pleased Almighty God in His allwise providence to remove from our midst by death, our most worthy and esteemed schoolmate, Ella L. Holter; therefore be it

Resolved, That we bow in humble submission of Him who doeth all things well, trusting that our schoolmate has been taken from our number to that union above where ties have no separation.

Resolved, That we tender the family our heartfelt sympathy in this their hour of sad bereavement and commend them to Him who has promised relief to the sorrowing.

Resolved, That by the death of our dear schoolmate, our school has lost a worthy student and the family a loving daughter.

Resolved, That a copy of this resolution be sent to the family of the deceased and published in our county papers; that the classmates wear a badge of mourning and our schoolroom be draped in mourning until the close of the school term.

Signed by committee on behalf of the High school.

NELLIE KLINE,
FANNIE HOLTER,
MARY WEBER,
WILLIAM HENSYL,
WALTER FLETCHER,
Committee.

The Enemy Is Ours!

The grippe usually leaves the sufferer in a very feeble condition, with a persistent cough and other premonitory symptoms of pulmonary affection. Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup promptly administered at the beginning of an attack of grippe, will forestall that dangerous enemy to life—consumption. Mrs. Maggie Tulga, Ironton, Ohio, says: "It affords me much pleasure to bear testimony to the merits of Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup. I had been a sufferer from the grippe for a week, I tried a bottle of Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup, and after taking it, was completely cured of the dreadful cough and disease. I cheerfully recommend it to all sufferers." Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup is sold everywhere for 25 cents.

For sale by F. Potts Green and C. M. Parrish, Bellefonte Pa.

Liver Ills

Like biliousness, dyspepsia, headache, constipation, sour stomach, indigestion are promptly cured by Hood's Pills. They do their work

Hood's Pills

easily and thoroughly. Best after dinner pills. 25 cents. All druggists. Prepared by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass. The only Pill to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

ADOPTS THE GOLD STANDARD.

After Four Years of Investigation Japan Decides to Discard Silver.

On March 1 it was cabled from Yokohama that Japan had decided to adopt the gold standard at a ratio of 32½ to 1, the new standard to go into operation in October.

This act, on top of many previous ones, moves Japan completely out of the ranks of the semi-civilized and into those of civilized and progressive nations. It was not taken hastily, but after two years' consideration of an exhaustive report made by the Japanese currency commission, appointed in 1893.

This commission found that, while certain capitalists, especially those employing many laborers, were benefited by the falling silver standard, the wage earners were injured from the fact that their wages did not rise as fast as did the prices of what they had to buy. The report pointed out what every rational trader ought to know—that a silver standard country can trade and compete with gold standard countries only after paying the loss on exchange in foreign trade. However, as the greater part of Japan's trade was with China and India, the two countries of Asia still using the silver standard, the disadvantage on this account was not considered great.

The silverites have lost with Japan some of their best capital. Of course they will tell us how "British gold" was used to bribe the government into betraying its people into the hands of the money power. They cannot, however, much longer tell us that we are unable to compete with Japan because she uses the silver standard.

The truth is that Japan got tired of being a second rate nation and of working with second rate tools, and, after careful investigation, concluded to get rid of free coinage at ordinary ratios, which drives gold out of the country as fast as it can be coined and which results in the single silver standard, and to adopt the gold standard at a ratio with silver which will permit the use of both metals in her trade. It is a wise step. Japan is only one of four or five nations which have adopted the gold standard during the last 18 months.

The Sound Money Propaganda.

The decision of the silver men to continue their fight for the 50 cent dollar, despite the emphatic verdict of the people in November, is appropriately followed by the organization in New York of a sound money league, which is to be national in its character and in the scope of its work. From this time on till the next presidential election the dissemination of money facts and correct views as to money is to be continued.

The most efficient agency of the last campaign was the sound currency committee of the New York Reform club, and its publications, each given to some one phase of the currency question, were invaluable to speakers and writers. A sound basis for currency reform was thus laid in the minds of thousands who were groping after the truth. These publications, it is stated, are to continue. An effort is to be made to widen the field of operations by a class of writings of a more popular character. In the south and west particularly honest thinkers are to be supplied with material for progressive thought toward sound conclusions on the money question.

Much was done in six months of 1895 to uproot the erroneous ideas planted in five years of populist agitation. Errors had flourished simply because they had not been confronted with fact. Now monetary truth is to be as systematically inculcated as fallacy was, and the result cannot but be most wholesome.—Baltimore Sun.

Costs 10 Cents.

But worth a dollar a vial—This is the testimony of hundreds who use Dr. Agnew's Liver Pills—They are so sure, so pure, so pleasant and easy acting. The demand for this popular Liver Regulato is so great it is taxing the makers to keep up with it.

For sale by J. N. &. Krumrine Bellefonte Pa.

The Only Good Paper Currency.

All propositions for the retirement of the legal tenders and the abolition of the treasury reserve as a feature of our currency system are coupled with the demand for a banking system that would afford a large note circulation, one more responsive to the fluctuating demands of business and one whose reserve would be maintained by banks which would be compelled by the conditions of their existence and by law to protect their notes, and which, through their discount business, have the necessary machinery for increasing their reserves or decreasing their liabilities. Such a banking system would provide the paper currency which the American people would rather handle in their daily transactions and carry about as pocket money than specie. —Iron Age.

Every day symptoms of digestive disorders—acid stomach, distress after eating, burning at pit of stomach, dull, heavy feeling—Burdock Blood Bitters never fails to correct any troubles of this sort.

DECREE OF THE COURT.

In the A. V. Miller—W. M. Cronister Sheriffalty Contest.

A. V. Miller vs. W. M. Cronister. In the Court of Quarter Sessions of Centre county, No. ½ January session, 1897. In re-election contest.

In this case the contestants filed their petition December 3, 1896, laying the ground to contest the election of W. M. Cronister, sheriff of Centre county, who had been returned as duly elected at the general election of Nov. 3, 1896, by a majority of sixteen votes over Abram V. Miller, his competitor for the office.

The chief ground for the contest alleged specifically in the petition was that a number of ballots in the several districts named, had been illegally marked by the voters that were counted for W. M. Cronister that should not so have been counted and that a number of ballots in the several districts named were legally marked that should have been counted for A. V. Miller, the contestant, that were not counted for him, and that a recount of the ballots would show that the said Miller had been duly elected by a considerable majority of the legal votes polled. We held the petition, which was in due form and specific in its allegations of fact, to be sufficient, and called upon the contestee to answer.

The answer of contestee was duly filed January 2, 1897, denying generally the allegations in the contestant's petition and alleging additional matter, charging that a large number of illegal votes had been polled and counted for the contestant.

At the same time, to wit, Jan. 2, 1897, the contestee filed quite a number of affidavits of election officers, denying generally that no illegal votes were polled or counted for the contestee in a number of the precincts named in the contestant's petition, but did not specifically deny that any ballots were marked as alleged in contestant's petition.

January 2, 1897, contestant presented a petition asking for the impounding of certain ballot boxes. As the best evidence of how a ballot is marked is the ballot itself, we made the order that the ballot boxes be impounded.

January 16, 1897, the contestee (notwithstanding the affidavits of the election officers, filed January 2, 1897), presented a second petition setting forth that a large number of ballots were marked with a cross in the circle at top of democratic ticket, and with a cross opposite the name of A. V. Miller that was counted for Miller, and should not have been, and contained other allegations of ballots illegally marked and illegally counted for contestant and asked that certain ballot boxes, about twenty in number, be impounded. The order impounding the same was made.

Knowing that the best evidence of illegally marked ballots was the ballots themselves, and believing that an examination and a recount of the ballots, impounded at the instance of both the contestant and contestee, would most probably determine the contest one way or other, on January 28, 1897, we appointed C. P. Hewes, Esq., examiner and competent clerk, and ordered a recount of the ballots The examination of the ballots and recount evinced that the information upon which the contest was based was incorrect and practically made no change in the result of the election as returned by the election officers. This the contestant admits by petition presented to the court March 2, 1897.

While we are satisfied the contest was commenced in good faith, and upon what was regarded as reliable information as to how certain ballots were marked, yet we are gratified to know that the investigation, so far as it went, clearly shows no illegal voting to have been done, and that the result shows that W. M. Cronister was duly and legally elected as returned by the election officers.

The only question left to determine is the disposition of the costs, which are as follows, viz:

Examiner's fee	$110 00
R. F. Hunter, clerk	55 00
H. C. Brew, clerk	55 00
Constable Montgomery, mileage 455 and 19 days impounding boxes	65 30
Constable Dunlap, mileage 455 and 19 days impounding boxes	65 30
	$350 60

Inasmuch as the ballot boxes were impounded at the instance of both the contestant and contestee, each practically asking for about an equal number of ballot boxes to be impounded, and, as the contest was commenced in good faith, we are of the opinion that it is proper that the county pay the costs, and so order, and now, March 1st, 1897, for the foregoing reasons it is ordered that the county pay the costs as above set forth, and the record costs in this case.

By the Court,
JOHN G. LOVE, P. J.

Legal Notices.

AUDITORS NOTICE.—In the Orphans Court of Centre Co., Estate of Warren S. Lucas dec'd. Notice is hereby given, that the undersigned, an auditor appointed by said Court, to make distribution of the funds in the hands of the accountant, will meet for the purposes of said appointment all parties in interest, at his office in the Borough of Bellefonte on Tuesday the 9th day of March 1897 at 10 o'clock a. m. Parties interested will then and there present their claims or be debarred from coming in on said fund.

JOHN G. KLINE, AUDITOR.
f18 3t

ESTATE OF BETHIA E. MOORE, DEC'D. —Letters of administration on the estate of Bethia E. Moore, late of Huston township, Centre county, Pennsylvania, have been granted to James Turner, residing in said township, to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment and those having claims or demands will make known the same without delay.

JAMES TURNER, Adm'r.
CLEMENT DALE, Attorney. feb26-6t

900 DROPS
CASTORIA
A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of
INFANTS & CHILDREN
Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. NOT NARCOTIC.
Recipe of Old Dr SAMUEL PITCHER
Pumpkin Seed
Alx. Senna
Rochelle Salts
Anise Seed
Peppermint
Bi Carbonate Soda
Worm Seed
Clarified Sugar
Wintergreen Flavor.
A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.
Fac Simile Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher,
NEW YORK.
At 6 months old
35 DOSES—35 CENTS
EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

SEE THAT THE FAC-SIMILE SIGNATURE —OF— Chas. H. Fletcher. IS ON THE WRAPPER OF EVERY BOTTLE OF
CASTORIA
Castoria is put up in one-size bottles only. It is not sold in bulk. Don't allow anyone to sell you anything else on the plea or promise that it is "just as good" and "will answer every purpose." See that you get C-A-S-T-O-R-I-A.
The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. is on every wrapper.

JOS. HORNE & CO

GETTING ALONG

towards house cleaning and moving time. There will be new Rugs and Curtains and Draperies to buy and perhaps new Furniture.

You make a mistake

which will cost you money if you fail to get our prices on anything the house needs.

We have
GOOD WINDOW SHADES
which we sell complete with spring roller and brackets at 35 cents each.

It is a good, firm material, oil-finished and opaque.

Sash Curtain Materials in light and dainty fabrics at 5 cents a yard.

Excellent Sash Curtain Muslin at 12 1-2 cents a yard, worth a good deal more.

The finest line of Lace Curtains at $2.00 a pair ever seen in this region and from that at all prices up to as high as you care to go.

We sell
FURNITURE
also, including a splendid line of IRON AND BRASS BEDS at very low prices.

We have a special CHILD'S CRIB which we call the "Dreamland" made of iron and heavily white enameled, not a splinter of wood in it, which we sell at $5.00 with a woven wire spring bottom.

Our new catalogue will give descriptions and pictures of everything.

Penn Avenue and Fifth Street,
PITTSBURG, PA.

If Everybody Knew What Everybody Should Know, Everybody Would Know Enough To Ask For

"CYDONINE"

For chapped hands or face.
For Use After Shaving.
For all Roughness of Skin.
It is the Best.
For it Cures.
And it is Only 15c.
Satisfaction Guaranteed.

.....AT.....

Green's . . . Pharmacy,
BUSH HOUSE BLOCK,
BELLEFONTE, - - - PA

For Rent and Sale.

Store rooms, offices, living apartments and storage rooms. Houses and lots for sale.

1y F. W. CRIDER.

Sale Register.

All persons having their sale bills printed at this office can have the same advertised under this head free of charge, in both the REPUBLICAN and DAILY NEWS.

Saturday April 10—1897, at 10 o'clock A. M. at the Court House, in Bellefonte, James Turner, Administrator will sell A valuable Plce of ground situated in Huston Township Centre Co. on which there is a two story frame dwelling house, stable and other out buildings, a good well of water and a valuable spring.

CLEMENT DALE ATTORNEY

On Saturday, March 20, 1897, commencing at 9 o'clock a. m., on East Linn street, Bellefonte, D. M. Butts will sell one double heater, two small bedroom suites, 3 rocking chairs, 4 tables, 2 lounges, desk, book case, books, step ladder, dishes, jars, crocks, and other cooking utensils, window shades, clock pictures and other articles too numerous to mention. W. A. Ishler, auct.

One mile west of Old Fort, in Potter Twp, Wednesday, March 31, Joseph Grossman will sell 1 lumber sled, Bench cultivator, Farquar cider press, Champion self rake reaper, fodder cutter, Syracuse plow, harrow, 2 corn scrapers, single cultivator, corn planter, set of tug harness, set of plow harness, set of fly nets, good blacksmith bellows, 2 No 7 cook stoves, sewing machine set of dishes, glassware, lanterns, and other things too numerous to mention. Sale to commence at 1 o'clock p. m. WILLIAM GOHEEN, Auctioneer.

Administrator's Sale
—OF—
VALUABLE REAL ESTATE

By virtue of an order of the Orphan's Court of Centre county, the undersigned Administrator of Elizabeth O'Neil, will expose to public sale on the premises in Taylor Township, Centre county, Pennsylvania, on

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 31, 1897

at two o'clock p. m., the following described real estate, to wit:

All that certain tract or piece of land situate in the township of Taylor, county of Centre and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a black oak on the eastern corner of a survey warranted in name of Andrew J. Dixon, thence by land of Henry Miller south 29 deg. east 16 perches to a post, thence south 42 deg. east 30.69 perches to a post, thence south 0 deg. 5 min. west 99.73 perches to a post, thence north 80 deg. west 7.2 perches to a post, thence north 27 deg. west 60 perches to a sugar maple, thence north 26 deg. west 12 perches to a post, thence by eastern line of Andrew J. Dixon survey north 38 deg. east 92 perches to place of beginning, containing

87 ACRES, MORE OR LESS, HAVING THEREON ERECTED A TWO-STORY FRAME DWELLING HOUSE.

This property will be sold subject to two mortgages. A first mortgage in favor of the Improvement Building and Loan Association of Tyrone, Pa., amounting to $275.00, and a second mortgage in favor of the Citizens' Building and Loan Association, No. 2, of Tyrone, Pa., amounting to $300.00.

TERMS OF SALE.—Ten per cent. of the purchase money to be paid in cash on day of sale, balance of one-half when sale is confirmed and deed delivered, and the remaining one-half in one year with interest. Unpaid purchase money to be secured by bond and mortgage on the premises and proper insurance.

C. O. TEMPLETON,
Administrator.

ADMINISTRATOR'E NOTICE.—Letters of administration on the estate of Benjamin F. Richley, deceased, late of Erie, Pa., having been granted to the undersigned, persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them without delay duly authenticted for settlement to W. R. FROM,
feb26-6t* Adm'r.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Estate of Elizabeth Oneill, late of Taylor township, Centre county, Pa., deceased. Letters of administration on said estate having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted thereto are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims or demands against the same will present them without delay for settlement to
March 4th, 1897. C. O. TEMPLETON,
Administrator,
Tyrone, Pa.

—Smoke "Cubana," a full Havana filled hand-made 5c. cigar. Equal to the best. H Otto, under First National bank, Allegheny street.

Removal.

I have removed my Insurance Office to Room No. 6, Eagle Block, Allegheny St., Bellefonte, Pa.

tf GEORGE L. POTTER

THE TRIAL OF KAISER

E. E. Hutchinson of Altoona One of The Witnesses.

COMMONWEALTH'S SIDE OF THE CASE

Trying to Prove that in Order to Secure Insurance Money Kaiser Killed his Wife—Norristown Court House Crowded With People to hear the testimony.

Norristown, Pa., March 9.—The attendance at the Kaiser murder trial was not as great today as yesterday.

Dr. H. H. Drake, who assisted the coroner's physician at the autopsy on Mrs. Kaiser, testified to the wound and was corroborated by Coroner's Physician J. Rumsted and the physicians who assisted at the autopsy. All agreed that the course of the bullet was inward, slightly downward and backward, indicating that the butt of the revolver was held slightly upward, being about 45 degrees above the muzzle. The contention of the commonwealth is that the person who fired the shot could not have been standing on the ground, but was in the carriage in which the woman was murdered.

E. E. Hutchinson, of Altoona, a life insurance agent, testified that in March, 1896, Kaiser obtained from him a policy for $1,000 on the life of his wife. The policy went into effect Aprill 11, and was payable to her estate. There being no children the proceeds of the policy would be paid to Kaiser on the death of his wife. Mr. Hutchinson stated that on September 16 last Kaiser paid the premium, thus keeping the policy in force until some time after the tragedy. Mr. Holland offered the policy in evidence, to which counsel for the defense objected. Mr. Larzelere, in stating the objection, alleged that the policies were surreptitiously taken from the possession of the prisoner in violation of his constitutional rights.

In the afternoon Judge Swartz heard argument for the commonwealth on the constitutional question raised by the defense and ruled that the policies could be admitted in evidence. To this ruling the defense took an exception. The commonwealth then called witnesses regarding the remaining $9,500 insurance on Mrs. Kaiser's life.

The E. E. Hutchinson above referred to is Elmer E. Hutchinson, the general agent of the Union Central Life Insurance company, of Cincinnati, O.. It was during Kaiser's residence in Altoona that he took out the policy of insurance on his wife's life.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, } ss.
LUCAS COUNTY.

FRANK J. CHENEY makes oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. CHENEY & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid. and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December. A. D. 1886.

{SEAL} A. W. GLEASON
Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo O.
Sold by Druggists 75c.
Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Regret Bayard's Retirement.

London, March 3.—All of this morning's papers publish editorials upon the banquet given at the Mansion House last evening in honor of Hon. Thomas F. Bayard, United States ambassador, all of which eulogize Mr. Bayard and contain expressions of regret at his coming retirement. Most of the papers also comment on the approaching change of administration at Washington.

Bicycle Thief's Salty Sentence.

Judge Walling, of Erie, recently sentenced a bicycle thief to ten years and one month, solitary confinement in the penitentiary. In the course of his remarks the judge said that in his opinion it was as heinous a crime as stealing a horse.

—Mr. Wm. R. From, of Bellefonte, has purchased the O. F. Schnure property in Mifflinburg, and will remove to that place April 1.—Millheim Journal.

ELY'S CREAM BALM is a positive cure. Apply into the nostrils. It is quickly absorbed. 50 cents at Druggists or by mail; samples 10c. by mail. ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren St., New York City.

Baby Used a Razor.

Williamsport, Pa., March 12.—Mrs Charles Johnson, of Eagle Valley was using a razor when a neighbor knocked at the door. She answered the called and stood talking a few minutes when she heard the infant scream. As she re-entered the room, she was horrified to find the baby covered with blood and crying lustily. The little one had toddled over the chair and was attracted by the glitter of the razor and picked it up.

baby-like, the child attempted to put it in its mouth and, in doing so drew it across its throat several times inflicting severe and dangerous wounds. Assistance was summoned by the distracted mother and the wounds dressed and sewed.

After being bandage, and when no one was looking, the baby tore open the wounds. The little one came near bleeding to death, but will recover.

Thrown From the Wagon.

Harry Smith, the second son of postmaster J. C. Smith of Millheim met with an accident on Monday afternoon that might have resulted seriously. He had their trusty horse hitched in the spring wagon and was returning home from a business trip, with a rocking chair on the wagon. He occupied the chair, and, as usual, was driving at a rapid gait. In making the turn at their alley on Penn street, the wagon swung around the corner with such a momentum that Harry was pitched from the chair and landed on the iron fence. He had a few teeth knocked loose and was bruised about the face. His companion, Clyde Hartman, succeeded in stopping the horse thus preventing probable damage and serious injury to the dethroned driver.

Death of Miss Esther Hunter.

The death of Miss Esther Hunter, a daughter of Captain John Hunter of Stormstown, which occured on Sunday, 28th ult, was a shock to the community. She had been an invalid and had recently been at the residence of her brother, Dr. Wallace Hunter, who is a practicing physician in Erie. Another sister, Anna keeps house for Dr. Hunter, and it was with them Miss Esther spent the last few months of her life. The body was brought to Stormstown, for burial, the funeral taking place Wednesday. Miss Hunter leaves a wide circle of friends and relatives to mourn the loss of a lovely Christian woman who was devoted to her family and interested in every good movement. It is stated that she was interested in W. C. T. U. and other temperance efforts. The family and friends mourn the departure of one they love.

Infant Strangled.

Monday night a train crew on the Philadelphia and Erie railroad found the dead body of a new born child lying along the tracks near Dauphin station. A piece of string tightly drawn about the child's neck showed plainly the cause of death. When found the little body was still warm and was wrapped in a Baltimore paper of date of March 5.

Coroner Krause, or Harrisburg, held an inquest on the remains on Tuesday, the jury deciding that death came from strangulation. No arrests have yet been made.

—The circular and dodger dropped at your door or front gate goes no further than being a nuisance. Nine-tenths of all this matter is lost to those who take this method of advertising. It is swept out to litter the street or gathered up and destroyed without being looked at. The same amount of money invested in newspaper advertising would bring better results and save the annoyance of littered up streets and sidewalks.

An expert says that any time from now till spring grape vines can be trimmed. If they are neglected until spring they sometimes bleed, that is the sap runs from the ends of the canes where they have been cut, and that weakens the vines and they are not as productive. Do not delay your trimming too late and thus injury your vines.

AFTER A GOOD TIME.

Three Boys and a Team—One of Them is Sorry Now.

Three small boys, about 9 years of age, yesterday started to have a "good time" in the "Neck," and one of them proposed that they take a carriage ride. Accordingly, it is said, they went to the barn of Mrs. Braber, of Point House road and Jones' lane, and harnessed up one of Mrs. Brabar's horses to a light wagon, and started out.

Sometime after Mounted Policeman Sheehan, of the 25th district, noticed three small boys in a wagon driving down Broad street at a furious gait. One of the boys held a whip, and the horse was being urged to his upmost.

Thinking that something was wrong the officer gave chase. The boys noticed the officer coming, and two of them climbed out of the back and escaped through the fields. At Goverment avenue the wagon was overhauled with the third youngster still holding the reins, and making frantic efforts to stop the horse, which by this time had gotten beyond his control. The boy was taken to the station house, where he gave his name as John McCann, 9 years of age, of 2d street and Stone House lane. He was this morning held in $400 bail to keep the peace.

Beaming with Smiles,

Are the countenances of people who have found speedy and thorough relief from malarial, kidney, bilious, dyspeptic or nervous troubles through the aid of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. Such countenances are very numerous. So are letters from their owners attesting the efficacy of the great family medicine. Among the signals of distress thrown out by the stomach, bowels and liver in a state of disorder, are sick headache. heartburn, nausea, loss of appetite. sallowness of the skin and eyeballs, and an uncertain state of the bowels. They should be heeded at once. If the Bitters are resorted to the woe begone look which accompanies sickness will give way to cheerful looks produced by renewed health. If you are drifting on the coast of disease, throw an anchor to windward by summoning the Bitters to your assistance It will keep you in safety.

Female "Cowboy" Dead.

Perry, Ok., March 12.—Mrs. Clara Omo, a western "cowboy," who claimed to have killed five men during her career, is dead at her home here, aged 56 years. She was a Miss Martin and was born in New York city, moving to Eldorado, Kan., with her parents when a child. Her most desperate encounter took place in Little Black Tail canon, near Butt, Mont., in February, 1890, when she killed Ed Smith. Smith found the woman alone and fought her with a hunting knife. Mrs. Omo used a pistol after ten minutes of fierce fighting won out.

The Suits Against Dr. Swallow.

The cases of criminal libel on which Dr. Swallow is charged have been set down for trial in the Dauphin county court on Thursday, March 18, Dr. Swallow has retained as counsel, in addition to ex-Deputy Attorney General Stranahan and E. W. Jackson, Esq., two well known lawyers, Messrs. James Scarlet, of Danville, and Thomas H. Murray, of Clearfield. The lawyers on the other side are Weiss & Gilbert, District Attorney Graham, of Philadelphia, George Kunkle, Albert Miller and C. H. Bergner, of Harrisburg.

Divided the office.

Philadelphia, March 10.—The board of directors of the Pennsylvania Railroad company to-day decided to divide the office of general freight agent, formerly held by William H. Joyce, who was recently promoted to the office of general traffic manager, into local and through freight branches. Charles A. Chipley was made the local freight agent and J. B. Thayer, jr., was chosen as the through freight agent. The appointees were formerly assistants to Mr. Joyce.

Visiting Judges Dined.

Governor and Mrs. Hastings entertained the judges of the superior court at dinner Tuesday evening at the executive mansion. Other guests were members of the cabinet, Judges Simonton and McPherson of Harrisburg; Senator J. Henry Cochran and John G. Reading, Jr., of Williamsport. The table decorations were superb and in keeping with those at former occasions at the mansion.

—A pretty Kansas girl has been arrested on the complaint of a young man who charged that she "did suddenly, forcefully and intentionally hug him, thereby causing him great confusion and mental anguish." This pretty Kansas girl should migrate to Bellefonte,—she wouldn't find such heartless fellows here.

Russia's Latest Bluff.

London, March 9.—The Chronicle tomorrow will publish a dispatch from Athens saying that the kernel of the situation is that Russia is pursuing Greece with a terrible vindictiveness that it is impossible to explain.

FIVE WERE KILLED

A Fatal Accident Which Occurred in Indiana.

RESULT OF THE HEAVY RAINS

A River Overflowed Its Banks and the Back Waters Washed Out the Tracks—The Trains Made Very Slow Time.

Evansville, Ind., March 10.—The Louisville and Nashville limited train south bound from Chicago was wrecked this morning at 12.50, at a point one mile south of Hazleton, Ind., and 37 miles north of this city, on the Evansville and Terre Haute road.

Five men were killed and two seriously injured, as follows:

Killed—

Herbert Allen, head janitor of the state house.

Joseph Boleman, fireman.

John Sears, conductor.

Two unknown men.

Injured—

Brakeman Hausen.

J. S. Henderson.

Both were seriously injured, but they will recover.

The accident was the result of the heavy rains in Southern Indiana since Saturday. White river, near Hazleton, overflowed, and the back water washed out the tracks. Trains were running on slow orders as the roadbed was known to be in bad condition. When the cannon ball train reached the fill this morning the embankment suddenly gave way and the engine, baggage car and a part of the smoker dropped into about six inches of water. The engine turned over, but the baggage car remained upright. The smoker hung over the end of the track. The sleeper remained on the track. The damage to the roadbeds of the Evansville and Terre Haute and the Evansville and Indianapolis roads by the recent rains and floods to date is estimated at $1,000,000.

—Hon. William C. Arnold, of DuBois, our present very efficient member of Congress, is spoken of by the Washington Times, in its issue of March 3, as a probable candidate for governor before the next Republican convention. Mr. Arnold has hosts of friends and would make a first class executive. There is only one thing in the way of it; he has so endeared himself to his people of this congressional district that there will perhaps be a loud call for him to again represent them at Washington. He has been a faithful public servant and is honored by the love and devotion of the people whom he represents.

Released By the Spanish.

Washington, March 10.—A cablegram was received at the State Department this morning from United States Consul McGarr, at Cienfuegos saying another American citizen, Antonine Suar del Villar, has been liberated. Del Villar is a native of Cuba, bnt was naturalized in the United States. Records at the State Department show that he was arrested in Cienfuegos on September 5 last on a charge of having purchased and concealed arms and ammunition.

Upon representations of this government his case was removed from the jurisdiction of the military authorities, who had arrested him, and ordered to be tried by civil tribunal in accordance with treaty stipulations. That was on December 23 last, but he has been held in prison at Cienfuegos until to-day, when the order came for his release.

Changed His Name.

John Chesnack, a miner of California, Pa., changed his name because another miner in the same town had a similar one. John was injured, taken to the Cottage hospital, Connellsville, where he died and was burried as an unknown.

In the meantime a brother, Mike Chesnack, of Mckeesport, was searching for him and did not learn until recently that he had been buried.

Blaine's Brother Dead.

Washington, March 10.—Robert Gillepsie Blaine, the last surviving brother of the late James G. Blaine, died last night at his residence in this city, of paralysis, after an illness of about a week. He was about 65 years of age. He leaves a widow, one son, a young man of 20, and five daughters, two of which are married

FOR SALE

—A VALUABLE—

HOUSE and LOT

—ON—

EAST LINN STREET,

—IN THE—

Borough of Bellefonte.

The House Contains

8 ROOMS AND 2 ATTICS,

(one finished.)

Has a complete system of

——ELECTRIC LIGHTING——

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All through the House.

Has also STEAM HEAT in every room except the Kitchen.

Has the best working Sesspool on the street, also a right to enter the sewer.

On the lot there is a foundation for a stable and all other necessary out-buildings.

The Lot is 50 feet front and 20 deep, running back to an Alley.

It is on the best street in the town, in the best neighborhood, and will be sold at a bargain.

The purchaser can leave $2,000 remain on the property if desired.

For further information write or apply to

EDWARD T. TUTEN,
Republican Office.
Bellefonte, Pa.

Queer Assault Upon a Woman.

Cleveland, March 10.—Nellie A. Gilbert, wife of Dr. Fred. Gilbert, told a remarkable story in a petition filed in court today: The young woman brought suit against her husband's father, Dr. G. H. Gilbert, for $30,000 damages for the alienation of her husband's affections, and for $20,000 for an assault, alleged to have been committed by her father-in-law. The alleged assault, which she declares was committed by Dr. G. H. Gilbert, consisted of filling her mouth with wet plaster of paris and permitting the substance to harden, thus preventing her from talking. She alleges that she was found by her brother in an unconscious condition with the plaster in her mouth, and it was necessary to use a hammer to break the plaster before it could be taken from her mouth.

The allegation as to the alienation of her husband's affections consists of a charge to the effect that Dr. G. H. Gilbert offered his son $40,000 and his practice if the latter would get rid of his wife. The Gilberts are prominent people on the South Side, and the young man and his wife recently figured in a sensation, of which these suits are the outcome.

Who Was the Man.

Harrisburg, March 9.—Three men are in jail awaiting a hearing for highway robbery. Miss Carrie M. Keister was knocked down and robbed near the state hospital last night and she has identified one of the men as the person who choked her.

Al. Garman witnessed a bull fight during the excursion of the National Editorial association to Mexico, but the revolting sight made him sick and he will never go there again.

—Geo. B. Hart, of this place has secured employment as a druggist with Mr. David Forcey of Philipsburg. We wish him success.

—"De man dat writes foh a living," says Brother Watkins, "am laike a chicken. He am got to scratch for his grub."

The N. Y. Weekly Tribune

FOR

EVERY member of
EVERY family on
EVERY farm, in
EVERY village, in
EVERY State or Territory.

FOR Education,
FOR Noble Manhood,
FOR True Womanhood.

IT GIVES all important news of the Nation.
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IT GIVES the most reliable market reports.
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1 Year for $1.50. Cash in Advance.

Address all orders to **The Republican**

Write your name and address on a postal card, send it to Geo. W. Best, Tribune Office, New York City, and a sample copy of the "New York Weekly Tribune" will be mailed to you.

A Great Magazine Offer!

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3 FOR 1

The regular subscription price of "DEMOREST'S MAGAZINE," "JUDGE'S LIBRARY," and "FUNNY PICTURES" is $3.30 } We will send all three to you for one year for $2.00, or six months for $1.

"DEMOREST'S MAGAZINE" is by far the best family magazine published; there is none of our monthlies in which the beautiful and the useful, pleasure and profit, fashion and literature are so fully presented as in Demorest's. There is in fact, no publication pretending to a similar scope and purpose which can compare with it. Every number contains a free pattern coupon.

"JUDGE'S LIBRARY" is a monthly magazine of fun, filled with illustrations in caricature and replete with wit and humor. Its contributors are the best of American wits and illustrators.

"FUNNY PICTURES" is another humorous monthly; there is a laugh in every line of it.

All three of these magazines are handsomely gotten up. You should not miss this chance to secure them. Address,

Demorest's Magazine, No. 15 East 14th St., New York.

NO DIRECT PROOF YET

Continuation of the Trial of Charles O Kaiser, Jr., for Murder.

FOUR DAYS HAVE BEEN PASSED

But So Far But Little In the Volume of Circumstancial Evidence Goes to Establish the Accused's Guilt.

Norristown, Pa., March 11.—Though four days have now been consumed by the commonwealth in an effort to prove that Charles O. Kaiser, jr., murdered his wife on the evening of October 28, there is but little in the volume of circumstantial evidence thus far adduced to establish the guilt of the defendant, and to-day's testimony was no exception to the rule.

The greater part of the morning was consumed in examining witnesses who had visited the scene of the tragedy after Kaiser had told his story of Highway robbery and murder on arriving at Dr. Mann's office, in Bridgeport, with a view to ascertaining in what footprints and carriage tracks were discovered, and in what direction they led.

This afternoon Rev. Moore, a Bridgeport minister of commanding appearance, was called and described in a clear and comprehensive manner Kaiser's actions while at Dr. Mann's office undergoing treatment for his arm. Kaiser, who had just come out of a faint, accused Mr. Moore and the doctor of having taken his watch. Mr. Moore said to Kaiser when he grappled him: "You are feigning and you had better stop for your own sake." But it did not seem to have a very favorable effect on him.

Dr. Mann, who testified yesterday was re-called to describe Kaiser's fainting spell and to give measurements of the wound on his arm. He thought the first faint was genuine.

An interesting fact was developed in the testimony of Leidy Cope, a crayon portrait salesman, who was in the employ of the defendant on October 28. It seems that when Kaiser was brought over to the Farmers' hotel his blood stained overcoat was left in the barroom, where it was inspected by half a dozen people in the presence of a crowd of a hundred or more. Cope told his employer that the overcoat was being handled, and Kaiser told him to get it and take it over to the Hartranft house, where he (Kaiser) would call for it the next day.

When taken to Mrs. Rauch's boarding house from the hotel the defendant had spasms, during which it required the combined strength of seven men to hold him, two holding each arm.

Walter Yeager, of Pottsville, was called and produced a dirty handkerchief, in which was wrapped a gold watch and chain. The witness testified that he had found the watch and its soiled wrapper at 6.30 a., m. on November 2. on Norwegian street, Pottsville, within thirty feet of the main entrance to the Reading station, where he was employed. He had turned it over to the Chief of Police Rodenbaugh, of Norristown, who identified it as the missing watch of Emma P. Kaiser, alleged to have been stolen from her on October 23 when she was shot.

The prosecution will probably rest their case to-morrow.

Death of a Railroad President.

Corning, N. Y., March 11.—General George J. Magee, president of the Fall Brook Railway company, died at Nice, France, this afternoon, of a complication of diseases. He was 57 years old was on his way to Egypt, accompanied by his family, in search of improved health, and at Nice, on Saturday, was suddenly taken serious ill. He grew worse until death called him to-day.

General Magee was born at Bath, N. Y. He graduated from Princeton in 1860. Upon the death of his father, John Magee, he assumed the presidency of the Fall Brook and Blossburg Coal company, which owned great tracks of bituminous coal lands in Tioga county, Pa. The development of these fields and the increase of the Fall Brook railway from the local fifteen mile line to a great connection line between the New York Central and Philadelphia and Reading railway has been his life work.

When you are suffering from Catarrh or Cold in the head you want relief right a way. Only 10 cents is required to test it. Ask your druggist for the trial size of Ely's Cream Balm. or buy the 50c. size. We mail it ELY BROS., 56 Warren St.; N. Y. City. I was afflicted with catarrh last autumn. During the month of October I could neither taste nor smell and could hear but little, Ely' Cream Balm cured it.— Marcus Geo. Shautz, Rahway, N. J,

Killed by a Blow.

Pottsville, Pa., March 11,—William J. Parfit, of Shenandoah, aged 19 years, died this morning of hemorrhages from the nose, caused, it is alleged, by a blow struck with the fist by Charles McHale. The boys quarreled at a business college, at which both were students.

A True Bear Story.

Speaking of law and the enforcement of discipline in Yellowstone park, I heard the story of a bear there which I consider exceedingly important not only as a comment on the discipline of the park, but as a moral lesson to parents in domestic obedience. The story is literally true, and if it were not I should not repeat it, for it would have no value. Mr. Kipling says, "The law of the jungle is—obey." This also seems to be the law of Yellowstone park. There is a lunch station at the upper basin, near Old Faithful, kept by a very intelligent and ingenious man. He got acquainted last year with a she bear, who used to come to his house every day and walk into the kitchen for food for herself and her two cubs. The cubs never came. The keeper got on very intimate terms with the bear, who was always civil and well behaved and would take food from his hand without taking the hand.

One day toward sunset the bear came to the kitchen, and having received her portion, she went out of the back door to carry it to her cubs. To her surprise and anger, the cubs were there awaiting for her. She laid down the food and rushed at her infants and gave them a rousing spanking. "She did not cuff them; she spanked them," and then she droved them back into the woods, cuffing them and knocking them at every step When she reached the spot where she had told them to wait, she left them there and returned to the house. And there she staid in the kitchen for two whole hours, making the disobedient children wait for their food, simply to discipline them and teach them obedience.

The explanation is very natural. When the bear leaves her young in a particular place and goes away in search of food for them, if they stray away in her absence, she has great difficulty in finding them.

The mother knew that the safety of her cubs and her own peace of mind depended upon strict discipline in the family. Oh, that we had more such mothers in the United States!—Harper's Weekly.

The Pig Was Stolen.

Whether "a lie well told and stuck to afterward is as good as the truth" was debated at the dinner table where a man was sitting one day, and it brought out the following story from a rather dyspeptic looking man, who had eaten very sparingly:

"I used to live in the country," said he.

'One of my neighbors, an unlucky, unthrifty sort of a man, killed a pig one day with the aid of a local butcher. 'By jinks, Sam, I hate to cut up that pig.' 'Why?'

'Cause, you see, I'm owin most everybody here a piece of pork, and if I cut up the pig I'll have to give most of him away.'

'I tell you what to do,' said the butcher.

'What's that?' 'I'd have the pig hung up outdoors till 12 o'clock at night, then take him in and give out the next morning that he's been stolen.' 'By jinks, I'll do it.'

"It was a wonderfully fine plan, the farmer thought, and he left the pig hanging out, as the butcher suggested.

"At 11 o'clock the butcher himself came along and packed the pork into his cart. It was not there when the farmer went out after it.

"The next day, with a long face, he addressed the butcher in a hoarse whisper: '1 say, Sam, somebody did really steal that.' 'That's right,' said the butcher, nudging him and winking wickedly at the same time. 'But, by jinks, the pig was really stolen.' 'That's right. You stick to that and you'll be all right,' said the butcher encouragingly, and he hurried off, leaving his friend in a most bewildered state of mind, from which I don't think he ever fully emerged."—Pearson's Weekly.

Two Men Happy.

Washington, March 11.—Secretary Sherman to-day appointed William B. Gaitre, of Marietta, O., as his confidential clerk, at a salary of $1,200 per year. Mr. Gaitre was assistant secretary to Govenor McKinley for several years.

Mr. J. Walter Bianford, of the District of Columbia, has been appointed private secretary to Attorney General McKenna, a position he formerly held when Mr. Olney was at the head of that department

EXCURSION TO PINE GROVE.

Four Hundred Bellefonters Enjoy a Splendid Ride Over the Bellefonte Central.

About four hundred Bellefonte citizens and business men, their wives and sweethearts, took advantage of the splendid weather and the low rate offered by the Bellefonte Central railroad and spent Thursday afternoon as the guests of the citizens of Pine Grove Mills.

The Undine band, noted for the beautiful music which they discourse, accompanied the excursion, and greatly added to the enjoyment of the occasion.

It took seven coaches to transport the big crowd. Promptly at 2.30 the train pulled out of the Pennsylvania station at this place, and the ride up Buffalo Run valley, then through the "Barrens" and out into the beautiful farming region of Ferguson was a most delightful one.

The run to Pine Grove was made in a little over an hour. A great many people from the surrounding country had gathered into the village to welcome their guests and several hours were spent in sociability. The good Methodist brethren held an oyster supper, which received a big patronage from the visitors.

The object of the excursion was the payment of a return visit to the citizens of Pine Grove, who visited Bellefonte on Washington's birthday, and also in honor of the opening of the Bellefonte Central railroad to that point.

Pine Grove Mills is one of the prettiest villages in Centre county. It has about three hundred inhabitants. It was founded by Thomas Ferguson, who built the first mill at that place. In 1810 William Patton, a son of Gen. John Patton, built Tussey furnace there, but it ceased operations in 1815. Ferguson township, in which Pine Grove is located, is remarkable now for its numerous beds of iron ore, developed and undeveloped, though there are no furnaces now within its borders. Among the churches of Pine Grove are the Presbyterian, Methodist and Reformed. Pine Grove is also noted for its Academy, one of the oldest institutions of learning in Centre county. It was founded in 1852 by Thomas F. Patton, Wm. Burchfield and William Murray, citizens of Pine Grove. The Ard mill at Pine Grove was built originally by John Barron, and is now owned by J. B. and W. P. Ard

In 1875 Washington Grange erected a building at a cost of $800.00. They have some eighty members on their rolls.

The village has two general stores, a drug store, an undertaker's establishment and furniture store, and a good hotel, "The St. Elma," conducted by James Decker. The mechanical arts and other industries are also well represented.

Kaiser May Be Innocent.

Norristown, Pa., March 11.—Though four days have now been consumed by the Commonwealth in an effort to prove that Charles O. Kaiser, Jr., murdered his wife on the evening of October 28, there has been little adduced to established his guilt.

The greater part of to-day was consumed in examining witnesses who had visited the scene of the tragedy after Kaiser had told his story. Rev. David Moore, a Bridgeport minister, described Kaiser's actions while at Mr. Mann's office undergoing treatment for his arm. Kaiser who had just come out a faint, accused Rev. Mr. Moore and the doctor of having taken his watch. The minister told Kaiser he was feigning and had beter stop for his own sake. Dr. Mann thought the first faint was genuine.

Walter Yeager, of Pottsville, produced a dirty handkerchief in which was wrapped a gold watch and chain. The witness testified he had found the watch and its soiled wrapper on November 2 in Pottsville. It was identified as the missing watch of Emma P. Kaiser. The prosecution will probably rest to-morrow.

Had Postage Stamps.

Havana, March 11.—The judge of the court at Guanabacoa has ratified the action of the Spanish authorities in imprisoning Charles Scott, the American citizen who was arrested on February 9 last on the charge of having Cuban postage stamps in his posession. This means that the case will continue under the ordinary procedure until it is finally disposed of.

The Matanzas district court has suspended proceedings against Francisco Larrieu, an American citizen, who was arrested at Cardenas May 15 1896, and he will soon be released.

"DIRT DEFIES THE KING." THEN

SAPOLIO

IS GREATER THAN ROYALTY ITSELF.

Harrison's Delicacy.

Washington, D. C., March 9.—Indiana politicians tell a curious story of ex-President Harrison and his son Russell B. Harrison. The younger Harrison is well known in Washington, and during his stay here during the inauguration ceremonies he renewed many acquainances made whilst his father was in the White House. After Mr. McKinley's election some friends of Russell Harrison suggested to him that the collectorship of internal revenue for the western district of Indiana might be a position worth the seeking. It pays some $4,000 a year, and the headquarters of the district is at Terre Haute, which is Mr. Harrison's home. After some hesitation Mr. Harrison became a candidate, but no steps were taken to push the matter. Last week Mr. Harrison came on to Washington, and his presence becoming known here, he was at once appointed one of the aides on the general staff of Gen. Porter. His friends then renewed their suggestions for his appointment as collector of internal revenue at Terre Haute, and one of them suggested that the name of his father, ex President Harrison, as one of the indorsers of his application would have great weight with President McKinley. Mr. Harrison demurred, and finally admitted that he did not feel at liberty to ask his father for his indorsement. Mutual friends, believing that Mr. Harrison' hesitation arose from an unwillingness to embarrass his father, took the matter into their own hands, and one of them called on the ex-president. After explaining the situation, he requested a letter from the senior Harrison to President McKinley, asking for his son's appointment. Mr. Harrison not only refused to write a letter as requested, but declined to sign his son's papers. He stated, however, that he would be glad to see his son appointd collector of internal revenue if President McKinley saw fit to do so, but that he certainly would not under any circumstances take any part in obtaining the office for him.

NEW YORK FASHIONS.

Spring Costumes: Braided Waists: Accordion Plaited Skirts: Dress Fabrics: Millinery:

The tendency toward military trimmings in Spring costumes is decided, and is likely to become very popular, still a variety must always exist, in order to meet general requirements. Fancy black braid and buttons almost transform the Eton jacket, which will undoubtedly hold good for the coming season and plaid silk is most effectively used as a front and "crush" belt. Some new Eton jackets are cut with a pointed instead of a rounded front, and a slash just back of the point affords an opportunity for additional trimming. Suit jackets are very short, double-breasted, and loose in front, close fitting at the back, and may or may not be braided. The field for display in braiding is on plain cloth costumes of crimson, blue of several shades, or green, and handsome frogs across the front, or a fancy braid pattern, with a similar design on the sleeves and skirt, look very dashing on a slender person. Many new cloth dresses show no trimming at all, and thus great contrast is brought about, and a braided skirt and sleeves are as yet an optional matter.

VELVET WAISTS.

made perfectly plain very slightly pointed or reaching about two inches below the waist. with three frogs at the front, are new, and will be worn with accordion-plaited black satin skirts, which are also a novelty. Velvet Etons, with no trimming but two large buttons at either side, are another waist for black satin skirts, giving additional proof that independent skirts and waists have not been crushed out of existence. The ordinary wool skirt is neither longer nor wider than those of early Fall, but many light weight materials will be used in accordion plaits, and these of necessity are very wide. Nothing really new appears in sleeves a medium sized one being necessary,. where much braiding is used.

NOVELTIES IN DRESS FABRICS.

now succeed each other with great rapidity and among them are lovely silk and wool Jacquards in small designs, combining all stylish colors; silken granite mixtures in fashionable tints; silk warp Covert cloths, or rough wolly mixture, designed especially for tailor suits. Other beautiful stuffs show a canvas weave dotted with colors, and not less attractive are canvas cloths, which enjoy great prestige this season. Hammock net is an open weave in black or all colors, requiring a handsome lining. A strong demand exists for broken or fancy checks, in both thick or thin fabrics, and are most advantageously used by slender persons. Plain broadcloth is in overwhelming favor, and while all plain goods are open to the objection of spotting easily; besides the materials just described, Lord & Taylor are showing sponged broadcloths of every fashionable color, guaranteed not to be injured by water which obviate this difficulty. The standard materials for mourning, Henrietta cloth, tamise cloth, dull-finished cashmere or crape cloth, have not been displaced by new fabrics but the principal difference, is the increased demand for English crape as trimmings or entire costumes. Long crape veils are more elegant than any other, and for the second period of mourning, evening dresses of English crape are preferred to silk trimmed with crape.

A SOFT, CHANGEABLE TAFFETA.

is the ribbon of the coming season, and trimmings are so very high, that loops cluster on a ribbon-wired stem, as single loops cannot be carried to such an extreme, and linen striped taffetas are in harmony with the prevalence of grass linen. Soft crowns are much used on straw plateaux, for the shaping of which there is no rule each milliner bends the brim to suit her ideas, or those of the wearer, hence a bewildering variety. The only inflexible rule is—something high, and flowers are less apt to be stiff than ribbon. Just now small flowers lead, but large roses will certainly have their turn toward midsummer. Some hats are a fluffy mass, while others are extremely severe, and three shades of one color, or black and white are equally fashionable Much jet is employed in spangles combined with beads, and gilt spangles with other colors on net, form very handsome soft crowns.

VERONA CLARK.

The Mount Lebanon Shakers recently performed a great deed of charity, although it was not designed as a charity, being nothing more nor less than an advertising scheme. It however resulted in great good just the same. They gave away 1,000 bottles of their Digestive Cordial to those suffering from stomach derangements.

It was so effective in curing those who used the remedy that they were loud in their praises of it and in consequence a large demand for the Cordial was at once created.

The druggists of this town have little books that tell all about it. Digestive Cordial creates an appetite, aids digestion and brings about a rapid increase in flesh and strength.

Laxol is the name of a palatable Castor Oil. Just the thing for children.

Suffered from La Grippe.

Lebanon, Pa., March 12.—William Smith, aged 50, a well to do farmer residing near Fredericksburg, committed suicide today by shooting himself. He had been suffering from la grippe. The act was committed while he lay in bed.

—Oftentimes in life we discover that the broad mantle of charity has been cut down into an abbreviated shoulder cape.

THE SEMI-WEEKLY TRIBUNE.

A Force in Public Affairs and Potent for Entertainment and Instruction of Every Member of the Family.

A Colored Pictorial Supplement With Every Friday's Semi-Weekly.

THE NEW YORK SEMI-WEEKLY TRIBUNE, the only Semi-Weekly newspaper which has maintained a successful existence in the United States, is printed every Tuesday and Friday. Regular subscription price $2 a year.

A newspaper of really high intellectual quality, printed in the largest and most legible type used in New York, a great, decent, self respecting and instructive journal, THE TRIBUNE is vigorous in support of Republican principles, but places country even above party and has recently won from the Democratic *New York Sun* the admission that by reason of its thoroughly American spirit, it "commands the respect of all parties" and "occupies a position of distinction in New York.

In directing attention, early and pointedly, to the availability of McKinley and Hobart for the Republican nominations in 1896, THE TRIBUNE played a well known and important part.

THE SEMI-WEEKLY TRIBUNE prints the best news, book reviews, foreign letters, editorials, and special features of THE DAILY TRIBUNE. It has a charming page for women, excellent market reports and information for farmers, a department of Science and Mechanics in which poor inventors can exploit their inventions, free of charge, and a great variety of stories and entertaining miscellany. Never unprofitable, full of what is useful and inspiring, every reader of THE SEMI-WEEKLY TRIBUNE feels that he is in touch with the bustle and best of life.

Men and women leading busy lives have little opportunity for vacation; and for their entertainment and the amusement of the young, the TRIBUNE will hereafter issue, with every Friday's SEMI-WEEKLY, a colored serio-comic pictorial supplement of 16 pages, entitled "TWINKLES." But in order to possess "TWINKLES" a subscriber must hereafter remit the full sum of the SEMI-WEEKLY TRIBUNE—$2 a year—to THE TRIBUNE itself direct.

"TWINKLES" is handsomely printed on superfine paper; and every one of its 16 pages is filled with jokes, witty paragraphs, and gossip about noted people, sprinkled amongst which are fifty or more political or other cartoons, in several colors, half-tone portraits of well known men and women (life-like as photographs), and humorous pen drawings. There is not a word or a picture unfit for the family; and the amusing contents of "TWINKLES" will prove a welcome addition to the more serious contents of the paper.

"TWINKLES" is virtually a five cent comic weekly, price 5 cents a copy; $2 a year. But it is given free to every one who orders the SEMI-WEEKLY TRIBUNE for one year and remits to THE TRIBUNE direct, the regular subscription price of $2 a year. He thus gets two $2 papers for the price of one. This is a bargain, considering that the TRIBUNE is incapable of sending into any family anything which is unfit to be read there.

Sample copies of Friday's SEMI-WEEKLY free.

Those who do not remit $2 to THE TRIBUNE direct will not receive the colored supplement.

THE TRIBUNE, New York.

The Bellefonte Republican

To CORRESPONDENTS.—No communication published unless accompanied by the real name of the writer.
Correspondents should write upon but one side of the paper and avoid the use of pale or fancy inks.

EDWARD T. TUTEN.

Local Department.

When Greek meets Greek
Blood will surely flow;
When Greek meets Turk,
"Any Old thing," you know.

—Arbutus will soon be in bloom.

—And the blow almost killed Corbett.

—Robins have come with their welcome song.

—Mrs. Isaac Strunk died at Spring Mills, of parslysis.

—Memorial day and the 4th of July oth come on Sunday this year.

—A man loves to read the good that is written of him; his friends love to read the bad.

—The returns from Carson City this week will be awaited with extraordinary interest.

—That among the desirable people of the age are those who mind their own business.

—The Grangers put the cash value of their Centre Hall picnic ground at $8,100.00.

—The Musser hotel at Millheim has carried the family name for fifty years, from father to son.

Always in season, Hopkins' Steamed Hominy (Hulled Corn). Elegant lunch in milk. Qt. can, 10c.

—If you want a share in the business of the community you must advertise in a paper that reaches the best people.

Seventy million of people know Hood's Sarsaparilla purifies the blood, strengthens the system and gives good health.

—That some of our people, when they attend public entertainments, invariably leave their good manners at home.

—The funeral of Mrs. Daniel Lutz took place from the Reformed church at Zion at 10 o'clock Sunday morning.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

—Mrs. Jennie M. Fisher, of Millheim mother of Mrs. John Keeler of Bellefonte, died very suddenly at her home, Sunday afternoon March, 14th at one o'clock.

—Anyone wanting an auctioneer should call on J. C. Derr, He is said to be able to get higher prices for the goods he sells than any other man in the business.

—That some of our young ladies show their lack of good breding by blocking the sidewalk at every opportunity, regardless of their own reputation, and the rights of the pedestrian.

—Things are not coming Mr. Bryan's way with monotonous regularity. There are other young and aspiring statesmen who feel inclined to tackle the next Democratic National Convention with a sky-rocket speech.

Why continue to pass your nights in scratching and your days in misery? Doan's Ointment brings instant relief, and permanently cures even the worst cases of itching piles. It never fails.

—George Eberhart met with quite a serious accident on Friday afternoon while on the excursion train coming from Pine Grove. When the train passed Hunters Park, he was standing on one of the car platforms' and by some miss-step his foot became caught in the bumpers, and was badly mashed.

—Mrs. Smith, an aged lady residing with her son, F. W. Smith, near Centre Hall, died Saturday morning at 2 o'clock from pneumonia. She had been ill since Monday. Deceased was seventy-five years of age and was the widow of Dr. Smith of that vicinity. The funeral took place Monday at four o'clock.

"I had a bad cold which developed into grip. Physicians gave me no relief, and I finally tried Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup. One bottle cured me completely. It is a wonderful medicine." Jacob Hanmies, Lyon Station, Pa.

—Mr. Al Roberts, of Bellefonte, better known to his old war comrades, as "Ollie" Roberts, was in town Wednesday and Thursday, the guest of T. C. Rumberger in Chester Hill. In the war "Ollie" was one of the finest drummers that ever handled the sticks, and thirty years of peace, in which the "scream of fife and beat of drum" has played so small a part, has not impaired his ability one bit. He is still a drummer, and a fine one.—Philipsburg Ledger.

Is Your Ailment Catarrh?

"I had Catarrh for 1 year." "I had Catarrh for 2 years." "I had Catarrh for 5 years." "I had Catarrh for 20 years." I had Catarrh for 50 years," and Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder cured me. These are sentences from volumes and volumes of testimony for this great catarrh cure—not mythical patients, but words from men and women all over the continent who have been cured. It relieves in 10 minutes.

BOROUGH LEGISLATORS MEET.

Reports of Committees and Other Interesting Proceedings.

The regular meeting of the Bellefonte Borough Council was held in the Council chamber Monday evening at 7 o'clock. The following members were present: Messrs. Hillibish, Garrity, Shaffer, Valentine, Lowery, Gerberich and Shortlidge.

Council was called to order by President Hillibish, and the minutes of the last meeting were read by Clerk Isaac Mitchell and as there were no corrections they stood approved.

George T. Bush requested permission to lay a 4-inch pipe from Dunlop street to the rear of the Bush House.

Mart. Cooney requested Council to look at the condition of East High street. He claimed that it was in a very bad condition: also asked that an additional light be placed on that street.

A written communication was received from some of the citizens on Allegheny street requesting that William Walker be permitted to sprinkle the street in front of their business places during the coming summer. One was also received from Wallace Keeler for the same purpose.

Applications for appointment on the police force were received from A. M. Greninger, Peter Keichline, Amos Mullen and Wm. Garis.

Burgess Naginey spoke in favor of establishing a police headquarters, and also called the attention of Council to the bad condition of the lock-up.

The Street committee reported cleaning Spring, Allegheny, Bishop and other streets; also repairing bridge crossing High street.

The Water committee reported that the wall around the spring is out of repair. It is leaking badly. Everything else in good order. Pumps running 15 hours.

The Fire and Police committee reported two fires since last meeting. Six sections of hose bursted, but have been repaired.

The Market and Village Improvement committees had nothing to report.

The Nuisance committee reported a stable that has been built within 15 feet of the street, near Brown row.

H. C. Quigley, of the Board of Health, requested that the annual appropriation of $100.00 be granted them.

A communication was received from Wm. Shortlidge, resigning as a member of the Board of Health.

The Building committee reported that they had consulted with Robert Cole in regard to plans for a new Hose house, and that he had drawn up some plans, which they would submit at the proper time.

Permission was granted to Mr. Bush to lay the pipe from Dunlop street to the rear of the Bush House and put in fire plug.

Permission was granted Mr. W. W. Montgomery to lay pipe to connect with the sewer pipe in front of his house on Allegheny street.

The request of Mr. Cooney was referred to Street committee, to report at next meeting.

The applications of Walker and Keeler, for street sprinkling, were referred to Water committee, with power to act.

The request of the Burgess in regard to the lock-up was referred to Fire and Police committee.

In regard to repairing wall at the spring—it was referred to Water committee, with power to act.

The annual appropriation for the Board of Health was granted.

The resignation of Col. William Shortlidge, as president of the Board of Health, was accepted. President Hillibish appointed S. H. Williams, of the West ward, to fill out the unexpired term on the Board of Health.

The appointment of the police and street commissioner was carried over until the next meeting.

The plans for the new Council building and Hose house were then submitted to Council by Architect Robert Cole. The building would cost about $4,000.00. It is to combine a Hose and Engine house, Council chamber, Station house and Lock-up.

The committee on the new building was continued until next meeting so that the matter could be further looked into.

The following bills were ordered paid and orders drawn for the same:

Water pay roll	$41 80
Street pay roll	27 45
R B Taylor, coal for Logans	14 69
Police pay roll	35 00
Gutta Percha Rubber Co, rings and washers	6 50
James L McCafferty, burying cats and chickens	2 25
J Thos Mitchell, making statement for clerk	5 00
F R Miller Blank Book Co, order book	13 20
	$145 89

A request was received from Wm. Clark, through the Water committee, to extend the water a distance of 350 feet from residence of William Armstrong to Clark's property, on Howard street.

Mr. Shortlidge made a motion that a water tax of $7.50 be levied on Mr. Clark until there are other properties built there, when the usual tax be levied. If Mr. Clark agrees to this the pipe will be laid.

On motion, Council then adjourned.

Stole the Conductors Grip.

On Tuesday morning March 2nd, just before the 7:20 train was about to pull out over the P. E. E. at Lock Haven a tramp walked through the then empty cars, with eyes on the alert for anything that he could steal; spying a conductors grip setting in one of the seats he appropriated it for his own use. It belonged to Conductor Grub of the P. and E road and contained a punch, some coupons and duplex tickets. The latter good for ten cents each at any station of the Pennsylvania road. The tramp then proceeded up the Bald Eagle valley, stopping along the road long enough to punch out a lot of the duplex tickets. The first place he stopped, was at the Beech Creek station, where he presented six coupons and received the cash for them. Going on up the road he stopped at Mill Hall, Howard and Curtins Works, each time presenting six tickets and getting the money for them. The station agent at Curtins Works, was a little more suspicious than the others and thinking there might be something wrong, telephoned to Stonerode at Milesburg to be on the look-out for him. A little later he presented himself at Milesburg station, offering six tickets with the request that they be cashed. Stonerode was on his guard and kept the tickets but refused to give the money on them, until he had inquired whether they were all right. The man protested that they were all right, and said he would return in an hour or so for them. Stonerode then telegraphed S. S. Blair in regard to the tickets and also to Bellefonte and other points along the line, to be on the look-out for him. The tramps next and last appearance was at Snow Shoe intersection. The railroad men at that station had been warned and were discussing the gentleman, when in walked a man answering his description, to a T. Had he presented any tickets there, he would have been held for further investigation; but he had evidently overheard part of their conversation and after making a few inquiry about trains lost no time in getting out. The last seen of him, he was headed for the Ridges. Operator Hutchinson of this place was on the watch for him and had he shown up here, he would have landed in the jug forth with. Had he succeeded in cashing all the tickets it would have amounted to $8 60.

Public Meeting in the Court House.

A largely attended meeting of the citizens of Bellefonte was held in the arbitration room of the Court House, Thursday evening at eight o'clock, Col. Wm. Shortlidge called the meeting to order and stated the object of the gathering. W. Homer Crissman was made secretary of the meeting. On motion it was decided to appoint a committee of five to ascertain how many would go on the excursion to Pine Grove Mills, on Thursday, next, March 11th, and to report the result of their canvass to the secretary of the meeting. The chairman appointed Jno. P. Harris, Edwin Garman, John M. Shugert and Samuel Miller. A motion was then made that the time of special be changed to leave Bellefonte at 2:30 p. m. returning from Pine Grove Mills at 6.30 p. m. It was so ordered. There were several speeches made enthusiastically favoring the bringing of the new penitentiary to Bellefonte. On motion it was agreed that a committee of seven, be appointed to confer with the proper parties in regards to this matter. It was decided that our two representatives in the legislature, James Schofield and Robert Foster, and the chairman of the committee Wm, Shortlidge, be included in this committee. As there was nothing further before the meeting on motion they adjourned.

Death at Boalsburg.

Mrs. Nancy Markle died at her home about two miles from Boalsburg, Friday afternoon at five o'clock from heart trouble. She was in her seventy-third year, and was the widow of the late Jesse Stover who died about five years ago, The funeral took place Monday afternon at three o'clock.

AN AFTERNOON BLAZE.

About $2,000 Goes Up In Smoke. Five Families Driven From Their Homes.

Wednesday afternoon, between the hours of 3 and 4 o'clock, fire broke out in the summer kitchen of the tenement occupied by John Miller and family, in McCafferty's block, on Railroad street.

The fire caught from a toy steam engine which some little boys were playing with at the time. There was a strong wind blowing, and in a few minutes the flames had crept up to the third story and roof, and it looked for awhile as if the whole block was doomed.

An alarm was turned in at once and in a short time both fire companies were on the scene.

The building is a frame one and very old, and the flames had gained considerable headway before the firemen came, but in spite of this, by heroic efforts, they soon had it under control and much valuable property was saved. Both fire companies deserve the highest kind of praise for their work of yesterday afternoon. We venture to say that there is not another volunteer fire company in the state that is their superior and very few that are their equal in handling a fire.

There were five families living in the block and all got their furniture out, although sadly the worse for water and rough usage. The following named men and their families occupied the block: John Miller, William Rider, Jacob Flack, John McNichols and Theodore McNichols.

The block is the property of Chas. K. McCafferty, of Washington City. It is fully insured through the agency of Wm. B. Rankin, who estimates the loss at $2,000.

A High Noon Wedding.

A very pretty wedding took place at the residence of Abram Baum, at high noon Tuesday. The contracting parties were Mr. Jacob Hassell, of Syracuse, New York, and Miss Rosa Baum, the handsome and highly accomplished daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Abram Baum of this place. The parlor was elaborately decorated with vines, palms and ferns, all of which made an elegant appearance. Promptly at 12 o'clock the bride, leaning on the arm of the groom, made their appearance and were soon bound in the holy bonds of wedlock by Rabbi Kline, of Altoona. They received the hearty congratulations of their many friends after which an elegant wedding feast was served. At 1:40 they departed for Washington, D. C, on a wedding tour amid a shower of rice and good wishes for their future prosperity and happiness. May their life always be as bright and pleasant as their wedding day is the wish of the DAILY NEWS.

Sudden Death at Howard.

Miss Ella Holter, daughter of Henry Holter of Howard, died very suddenly on Saturday at 8 o'clock. She had been suffering for several days with quinsy, but no one thought it would result fatally. While sitting at the breakfast table she was suddenly taken worse, and the family carried her into an adjoining room and laid her on a lounge, but within ten minutes she passed away. Deceased was 16 years of age, and a bright and accomplished young lady. She was in the graduating class at school.

Arrested Tuesday Morning.

Williard Henson, a young colored man, wanted in Lock Haven for cutting a man with a razor on Saturday, was arrested Tuesday at this place by Officer Wm. Garis. His description was telegraphed to Chief of Police Montgomery last evening with orders to be on the lookout for him. He was taken to Lock Haven on the 1:42 train this afternoon by an officer from that city.

Baby's Scald Head.

Dr. Agnew's Ointment cures Skin Eruptions in children during teething time. It relieves irritation of the scalp, is comforting, harmless to the hair. It also cures Tetter, Salt Rheum, Eczema, in adults. It relieves in a day. 35 cents.

Happily Wedded.

Thursday at eight o'clock Miss Annie M. Wantz, of Blanchard, and Mr. Peter W. Toot, of Bellefonte were united in marriage at the Methodist parsonage on east Linn street. Rev. J. W. Rue performed the ceremony.

HOOD'S PILLS cure Liver Ills, Biliousness, Indigestion, Headache. Easy to take, easy to operate. 25c.

Personal Pencilings.

Hon. James P. Coburn spent Sunday at his home in Coburn.

J. L. DeHaas, of Howard, was a Bellefonte visitor Saturday.

W. Harrison Walker spent Sunday with his parents at Salona.

Charles R. Kurtz spent Sunday at——. Fuller particulars later.

John Furst, of Williamsport is visiting his parents in this place.

Sheriff W. M. Cronister was a passenger west Monday afternoon.

Hon. A. O. Furst of this city is transacting business in Philadelphia.

George L. Williams of Howard, was a pleasant visitor in our town Tuesday.

Col. Edward Pruner of Tyrone was an arrival in town Thursday afternoon.

J. Lawrence Butts left on Friday evening for his home in Philadelphia.

Burt Bayard is assisting W. T. Meyer to dispose of his large stock of dry goods.

Rev. E. S. Latshaw, of Howard, transacted business in Bellefonte Saturday.

Frank Holter, of Howard, was transacting business in Bellefonte Saturday.

J. P. Smith, postmaster at Millheim, transacted business in this city Monday.

Miss Ella Dolan of Tyrone, spent Sunday with her many friends in this place.

Col. Edward Pruner, of Tyrone was transacting business in this city Tuesday.

Templeton Cruse spent Sunday in Bellefonte. Whats the matter old man.

Dode McCafferty, of Bradford, is at present transacting business in Bellefonte.

Samuel Hartman, of Johnstown, step son of Wm. Reasner, is visiting in this place.

Chas. Harter, of Tylersville, is now studying law in the law office of J. C. Meyer, esq.

Miss Ada Swartz, of Tusseyville, is visiting the family of John Luse of Bellefonte.

Mr. and Mrs. C. M. Bower, have gone to Atlantic City for the benefit of Mr. Bower's health.

Mrs. Albert Owen, of Milesburg, is attending the funeral of her father, Jacob Bower, at Altoona.

Miss Lizzie Badger, of Mifflinburg paid a visit recently to her brother Harry Badger of this place.

Hugh North, of Mifflinburg, is spending a few days at the home of W. F. Crider on Linn street.

Mrs. A. O. Furst, departed Saturday for Bryn Mawr, called there by the illness of her daughter Miss Jennie.

We regret to hear of the serious illness with consumption of Martin Morrison, at his home on East Lamb street.

Miss Noll, of Bellefonte, who has been visiting at the Witmer Inn, has returned to her home.—Clearfield Journal.

Mr. Bruce Garman spent Friday and Saturday of last week on a business trip to Lock Haven and Williamsport.

Harry Holtz, who is attending a Commercial college at Williamsport, spent Sunday with his parents in this place.

Mr. and Mrs. Maurice Cowdrick, formerly of this place but now of Niagara Falls, are visiting friends in Altoona.

Judge A. V. Larimer of Sioux City Iowa, is a guest at the home of his sister, Mrs. W. T. Speer on West High Street.

Landlord W. L. Daggett, of the Bush House has leased that popular hotel for another five years term from April 1st next.

Geo. R. Meek, the genial and gifted local editor of The Democratic Watchman, spent Sunday with his many friends in Philipsburg.

John Sebring, of Loveville, mercantile appraiser for Centre county is at present in Bellefonte on business pertaining to his position.

Mrs. William Dyke and little son, of Milesburg, spent several days of the past week with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Orie Atwood, of this place.

E. P. Gray and wife, of Shamokin, Pa., arrived in Bellefonte on the 1.05 train Saturday afternoon. They will spend several days visiting friends in this vicinity.

Mr. A. Tate, has been appointed ticket and express agent at Pine Grove Mills. The Academy of that place will be reopened, by Prof. Rhone as soon as the public schools close.

Mr. Ross Williams, a former resident of this place, now editor and proprietor, of the Driftwood Gazette, was shaking hands, with his many friends and acquaintances here this week.

Coburn King, late porter of the Hotel Windsor, at Clearfield, was taken to the Bellefonte jail last week. He has been wanted at Bellefonte for the last two years for stabbing a man.—Altoona Times.

Mr. Harry Temple, of Snow Shoe was in town on Saturday to attend the sale of livery stock of W. G. Morrison. Mr. Temple has one of the finest Livery's in this county and if you ever go to Snow Shoe and are in want of anything of the kind give Mr. Temple a call.

Mr. S. Krumrine, of the firm of Krumrine Bros., apothecaries, of this place spent part of this week in Philipsburg placing with the druggists of that town, a cough syrup manufactured by his firm. Mr. Krumrine is a very pleasant and agreeable gentleman and makes friends where ever he goes.

ROYAL

BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure

Celebrated for its great leavening strength and healthfulness. Assures the food against alum and all forms of adulteration common to the cheap brands.
ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

C. L. Beck, of Reberesburg, transacted business in Bellefonte Wednesday.

William A. Neff, of Howard was a pleasant visitor to our town on Tuesday.

Constable Samuel Probst, of the First ward, Lock Haven visited this city on Tuesday, on police business.

Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Meyer, departed Friday morning for Philadelphia to be gone one week. While in that city they will be guests at the Walton.

Mr. D. M. Butts of this place departed on Wednesday for Philadelphia where he intends to enter an Hospital for treatment He was accompanied to that city, by his daughter in-law Mrs. Lawrence Butts and maid, Alice Metzler.

John D. Hall, well known to many of our railroad readers, now located at Bellefonte, and passenger conductor on the Central railroad of Pennsylvania, was renewing acquaintances in Tyrone Tuesday evening.—Tyrone Times.

HOW TO FIND OUT.

Fill a bottle or common water glass with urine and let it stand twenty-four hours; a sediment or settling indicates a diseased condition of the kidneys. When urine stains linen it is positive evidence of kidney trouble. Too frequent desire to urinate or pain in the back, is also convincing proof that the kidneys and bladder are out of order.

WHAT TO DO.

There is comfort in the knowledge so often expressed, that Dr. Kilmer's Swamp Root, the great kidney remedy, fulfills every wish in relieving pain in the back, kidneys, liver, bladder and every part of the urinary passages. It corrects inability to hold urine and scalding pain in passing it, or bad effects following use of liquor, wine or beer, and overcomes that unpleasant necessity of being compelled to get up many times during the night to urinate. The mild and the extraordinary effect of Swamp Root is soon realized. It stands the highest for its wonderful cures of the most distressing cases. If you need a medicine you should have the best. Sold by druggists, price fifty cents and one-dollar. For a sample bottle and pamphlet, both sent free by mail, mention the REPUBLICAN and send your full post office address to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghampton, N. Y. The proprietors of this paper guarantee the genuineness of this offer.

Recovered Their Horse.

A man named Bowers and his son, of Jersey Shore, came to this city yesterday with a horse which they intended trading on an animal brought here by a man from State College. During the temporary absence of the Bowers from the stable of Sheriff Peck and before the deal was closed the State College man took the Jersey Shore horse out and drove it to State College. The Bowers made complaint to Alderman Anthony and afterwards started in pursuit. They caught their man at State College this morning, made him furnish bail for his appearance at a hearing in this city and started home with the horse that had been stolen.—Lock Haven Democrat.

Some People's Folly.

Why some persons will suffer with the excruciating pangs of rheumatism, when they can be so easily cured by that greatest of pain-cures, Salvation Oil, is past human comprehension. That Salvation Oil does cure rheumatism is evidenced by Mr. G. F. Schrader, Pierce, Neb., who says: "I have used Salvation Oil and think there is no liniment on earth like it. I had the rheumatism for several months and could get no relief until I used Salvation Oil, two bottles of which effected a cure, and I feel as well as ever. No home should be without it." Salvation Oil is sold everywhere for 25 cents. When dealers offer a substitute beware, you'll be victimized. Insist on having the best, Salvation Oil.

For sale by C. M. Parrish.

That too many of our people judge their fellowmen by the clothes they wear, and are "sucked in" more frequently than they would care to acknowledge.